

THE HISTORY OF FOOTBALL AT MAGNOLIA HIGH SCHOOL

by

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A THESIS

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THE HISTORY OF FOOTBALL AT MAGNOLIA HIGH SCHOOL

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Record keeping in high school athletics has always been difficult to achieve. Coaches are not famous for their ability to keep records in the first place, and their time is usually consumed with activities, leaving little time for the chore of keeping records.

In trying to find a record of past football games played by Magnolia High School, it was learned that there was no such information readily available at this school. It was necessary to search the past annuals published by the school, research old newspapers, and interview the present coach, H. H. Swann, before the information was ascertained. By presenting a chronologue of this information, it will be readily available when needed. It is felt that this information will be helpful to future coaches at Magnolia High School, as well as to future athletes of Magnolia. This information will also be of interest to the school administration and to the community. It is also felt that this study may serve as a base to which football information may be added each year. In order to get an annual accounting of the football records for 1971, a Football Brochure for the 1971 season was compiled by the writer. This brochure includes statistics for all of District 25 A, of which Magnolia was a member in 1971. The brochure has been placed in the Magnolia Library and in the Athletic Department records and may be used as a guide in the future for organizing annual football information.

There have been times when football has been said to be unimportant in the high schools and that more time should be spent on the academic

subjects rather than football. However, some correlation between football ability and social acceptance has been established. In their study of the validity of a football rating scale and its relationship to social integration and academic ability, Cowell and Ismail(15) concluded that the social integration of the football squad increases according to the length of time the players play together. The social integration of the football squad appears to be affected by intense competition for places on the team. While football and academic abilities are independent, football ability and social acceptance are related.

According to Ratliff(54), the first record of high school football played in Texas was in 1900. At that time the team was not sponsored by the high school; in fact, the superintendent of schools in Dallas would not even permit the boys to practice on the school grounds. This first recorded Texas high school team was at "Dalhi" Dallas. Reports are that the playing suits for that first game were made by the boy's mothers and stuffed with cotton for padding. Two girls attended this first game, in contrast to the many girls who now attend and belong to pep squads and drill teams to encourage the players.

It was from this inconspicuous beginning that the ever-growing sport of high school football has sprung. The University Interscholastic League(14) added football to their program of activities in 1921. The University Interscholastic League was actually formed in 1910 as a Debating League of Texas High Schools. In 1912 it expanded its program by taking over the functions of the Interscholastic Athletic Association, which at that time governed track and field meets. The League is in the form of a service offered annually by the Bureau of Public School Service, and has a shifting membership from year to year. During the 1969-70

school year, 2,691 schools registered for participation in league contests. Its purpose is to organize and direct, through the medium of properly supervised and controlled contests, desirable school activities, and thereby assist in preparing students for citizenship. The best teams were established each year by the University Interscholastic League officials from statistics on the game reports received from the member schools. From this beginning, rules to govern high school football play were written and improved upon, until the largest program in the world was formed. As stated by Ratliff(54), high school football cannot be surpassed...in color, thrills, drama, and in producing many great athletes, who have made lasting marks in the history of sports.

Personal and social values can be attained in sports competition, but these objectives are not automatic and to a great degree, they depend upon leadership. According to Bourne(4), we protect in interscholastic programs the individual and the program. This is done in many ways--limited seasons, eligibility rules, age rules, limited number of games, and so on.

The fundamental function of the physical educator is to understand each student's needs in order to give him adequate guidance and to adapt programs to meet his needs. Clarke(10) emphasizes that if these functions are to be accomplished efficiently, measurement is indispensable, for orderly progress cannot be achieved without the guidance that intelligent use of measurement provides.

In a broader sense, there are greater facets to athletics than just winning or being the best; one of these is rewards, the intangible reward of the self-satisfaction of physical sacrifice felt by all athletes. According to Cokins(11), "all athletes" includes the everyday, average

athlete at the high school level.

The role of sports is more important today than it has ever been in the history of athletics. Today, our lives are characterized by automation, increased leisure time, space exploration, scientific discoveries, and increased tensions...both at home and abroad. High school football can make a valuable contribution to physical fitness, skillful performance, ability to relax, and promotes sound values. The competition of games and contests offered through the sport of football furnish opportunities for self-discovery, self-expression, self-acceptance, and self-discipline. Football is one field in which the circumstances of birth, color, race, and creed are disregarded and the individual is measured by performance and by deed.

To achieve the desired outcomes of football requires effective leadership, appropriate activities, good organization, and sound policies within the school system. These outcomes should be based on a sound philosophy of athletics and education.

In order to measure the outcomes of the football program, each school district should have an adequate system for keeping records of their achievements. If records are kept in the memory of the coaches only, they will be lost over a period of time in the changing of personnel.

By making this historical study and recording the past history of football at Magnolia, future coaches and others will find it easier to look up records, as well as to use these records as guidelines for recording their achievements in the future.

Statement of the Problem

If an athlete asks a coach whether or not his school has beaten an opponent in the past and when, the coach should be able to tell him.

This was not possible at Magnolia High School. There are no written records of past football activities available at this school. It is necessary to spend many hours of research to uncover the most meager information, and sometimes even then it is impossible.

Purpose of the Study

The purpose of this study is to present a history of football at Magnolia High School, Magnolia, Texas. The history of football at Magnolia will be organized chronologically, giving schedules and rosters for each year. The schedules will include the date, opponent, game site, and score for each season. It will also include the season won and loss record and the district won and loss record. If the Magnolia "Bulldogs" were involved in district play-offs, results of these games will be reported. Outstanding events, or other information of interest concerning the season, will be included in the "remarks" section of each schedule.

The rosters will include the athlete's number, name, letterman, year, position, and weight. If the athlete made all-district, this information will be included. The team captains, coaching staff, superintendent, and principal for each respective year will also be included on the roster for that year.

A brief resume of the past coaches of Magnolia will be presented, which will include their record at Magnolia, All-District teams coached, and any other pertinent information that might be of interest.

Limitations

Because this study was limited to the study of football only, the other competitive sports in the Magnolia High School athletic program were not researched. However, basketball and track have been played

longer than football, and a historical study in these areas would be very beneficial to the coaching staff.

Delimitations

This investigation was limited to the study of the history of football only at Magnolia High School in Magnolia, Texas. Because of the nature of the study, there was limited material available. Most of the research had to be done through personal interviews. Through this source, some information was also obtained from old scrapbooks.

CHAPTER II

REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

The status of present day health education, physical education, and recreation programs is due, at least in part, to previous historical influences. If this assertion is accepted, it is conceivable that past successes or failures might well provide direction or guidance in the conduct of present and future athletic ventures. An understanding of the historical background and related factors affecting or contributing to the development of the program should provide implications for current philosophy and practice. Means(46) suggested that an awareness of the conditions, circumstances, and events that have influenced the development of health education, physical education, and recreation is probably more important today than ever before. This philosophy can well include historical chronological studies in the field of high school football.

Dating back as far as 394 A.D., records were kept of the Olympic Games in Rome. However, Kieran(38) pointed out that these records were lost during the earthquakes which covered the hallowed plains on which the first Olympic Games had started.

A study of history indicates that, as man became more and more civilized, he became more exact in his measurement of human ability. In the field of education, evaluation is a process of judging the effectiveness of educational experiences. Willgoose(73) has given us many measurement devices to use in educational experiences. Likewise, in athletics, statistics provide a process for judging the effectiveness of the athletic experience. It provides a tool with which the experienced coach can

determine the needs of his team.

When you narrow it down, history represents the chronicle of past events. In a broader and more realistic sense, true history takes into account the operating forces that shape these events. History may help in predicting the future insofar as similar influences affect the result, or in suggesting happenings in later years evolving from existing or changing forces(6).

The broad category of history, being a record of the past, allows for a wide variety of studies. Howell(34) pointed out the importance of physical educators primarily concerning themselves with the political, institutional, and biographical approaches when doing historical studies. Political studies in physical education are concerned primarily with national systems of physical education, the effects of nationalism on sport and games, the effects of wars and militarism, and the influence of government. The institutional approach is directed toward the influence of institutions on physical education, sport and games--industrial sport, government decrees, and institutional studies, and the biographical approach is concerned chiefly with the role of individual men and women. By placing too much emphasis on the foregoing categories, there is a resultant neglect of the cultural approach in particular, and also of the chronological and geographical areas. The writer found this to be true regarding the chronological areas, which are directly related to this study. Very few chronological studies could be found in the area of athletics and physical education.

Research was directed toward athletic statistics in an effort to determine what records and reports are encouraged at the high school level. As Nedde(50) pointed out, one aspect of coaching which many coaches neglect

is the compilation and analysis of statistics. His primary interest is in the field of baseball, however he has realized that compiling and analyzing statistics can be an important factor in the success or failure of a team, whether it be in the field of baseball or in other sports.

A football game is an exciting, fast-moving encounter involving a large number of people. As stated by Daugherty and Wilson(18), it is humanly impossible to recall all the action that has taken place and the performance of each player after the game is over. Much of this information can be compiled after the proper collection of game statistics. There are many possible methods of gathering the information needed. Whatever method is employed, all charts and reports should become a part of the coach's permanent files.

Weber and Lamb(71) stressed the fact that the professional physical educator, whether he is engaged in teaching, coaching, or research, has as great an obligation to be statistically literate as any other professional person.

In the field of golf, Buzzerio(9) stated that one of the first requirements for a golf coach is his willingness to work with simple figures. The coach will soon find that statistics which are well organized, kept concisely, and made easy to understand will serve as a valuable instructional and motivational device for the athletes and himself.

Research in the wrestling field revealed how Dake(17) had attempted to do several things with statistics which have resulted in definite and positive improvements in the performance of their wrestlers. Statistics can prove to be stimulating to the individuals, as well as to the team, and analysis not only of one's own performance (individual and team), but of the performance of the opponents can bring beneficial results.

All coaches should keep an accurate account of the performance of their players. The wise coach will not rely on his memory concerning details. Statistics are cold, hard facts, and the coach can utilize them to help him determine the necessity for specific drills for the improvement of individual and team play. In the overall organization and planning which the coach is faced with when meeting an opponent, he will find statistics a very helpful ally. All statistics and data pertaining to opponents and home team should be filed for future reference(68).

Statistics are also employed to help the coach use fundamentals to his advantage. Statistical charts help a coach evaluate team and individual progress during both practice and games. Dodd(20) uses many charts and records to dramatize the punting game. He emphasizes the importance of the kicking game and feels that a part of the statistics kept for each game should include yardage of kicks, punts returned, and kickoffs returned--both defensively and offensively, in addition to the net distance of each actual kick. A coach who keeps these statistics for his team will soon realize how important the kicking game is.

It is conceivable, considering that the past does influence the future, that past successes or failures might well provide direction or guidance to the present coaches. The head coach should assume the responsibility for keeping complete budget, equipment, and statistical records according to Hammer(32). During the football season high school coaches are constantly under pressure, much of which is due to lack of time. In most high schools, the coaches are educators first and coaches part of the time. This situation leaves the coach with a limited number of hours for football, and many coaches neglect keeping good statistical records because of this lack of time and the fact that many times he is

not aware of the value to be received later from good records.

It is important that data pertaining to specific contests and sports seasons be available when needed. Regardless of the size of the school system, there should be some systematic method for keeping basic items of information concerning every athletic event. Forsythe(23:129) suggests the following list of items of information concerning which permanent records should be kept:

1. Finances, including receipts and disbursements for contests and seasons.
2. Contracts with officials and other schools, with financial payments indicated and receipted.
3. Score of contest and comment on any outstanding occurrences.
4. Record of participants in contests. Often a score-book will furnish this information, but not always. File eligibility lists of both competing schools.
5. Ratings of athletic officials used. These are often requested by state associations, and they also are helpful in selecting officials for the following year.
6. Weather conditions prior to and during contests.
7. Photographs from newspapers and writeups of games.

Some athletic directors may desire to keep all contracts, eligibility lists, financial reports, and the like, for all contests during a season filed under each of the above separate headings. They feel that it is better if groups of related material are filed separately. In other cases, there has been the feeling that all the data in connection with an athletic contest should be filed together. This means that all of the seven items in the preceding paragraph could be found in one file or envelope. There are certain records of contests that have to be made soon after their conclusion to be accurate, and a form on a file folder or envelope seems to be one logical place for them. Regardless of the form or system used, each and every athletic department should devise some method for compiling this information in a way in which it can be kept in a permanent record file.

The Wichita, Kansas(23) public schools have adopted the use of a very good form. This form incorporates several of the seven previously mentioned necessary permanent records. It provides spaces for opponents, game site, event, date, scores, and weather conditions. It also has an allotted space for information concerning the officials used and a record of contestants allowing for name, class in school, position played, time played, and points scored. On the reverse side of this form is a form for the financial report. This provides for both receipts and expenditures of the event. This form is a most complete data sheet for an athletic contest if filled out accurately and completely.

Healey(33) cautions that the person in charge of statistics should be familiar with football, the personnel of the team, and defensive and offensive formations.

In the case of football, the University Interscholastic League furnishes a Football Report Blank which contains all of the pertinent information concerning each game. If a copy of this report is kept in a permanent record file, the school would have a pretty complete record of the basic information concerning the games played.

Another form was designed by Griffin(30), which could serve as a composite report of seasons play in any one activity. It provides space for the dates, the team played, and where the game was played, the time of the event, the officials, and the scores. There is also a space for the coaches and student managers to record their names. In a system where the turnover of personnel is large, which is true in many of the small school districts, records of personnel is important--particularly in later years for one doing a history of the sports activity of a school.

No standard set of forms for physical education and athletic records

and reports has been devised according to Hughes and French(35). Extreme standardization is neither feasible or desirable, since conditions vary so widely. Too many forms will prove wasteful; too few means incomplete information. However, much of the usefulness and prestige of a department of physical education and athletics is closely related to the spirit and efficiency that characterize the office.

Rogers(57) has devised some very useful charts in the field of basketball that can be adapted to most other sports. Recognizing that very often newspapers and colleges want information on certain players, he keeps a running total sheet, and then enters information on the individual's sheet at the end of each season. Information is then easily accessible in a short time.

Granger(27) compiled a complete record of the entire athletic program for Splendora High School in Splendora, Texas during 1968-69. In the football section, two reports were kept for each game--one entitled "Game Results" and one entitled "Game Statistics." The game results report was a report of the game each week for all of the teams in District 26 A, giving the season standing and the district standing. The game statistics covered statistics for Splendora and their opponent each week in first downs-passing, first downs-rushing, first downs-total, passes attempted, passes completed, yards gained by passing, yards gained by rushing, total yards gained, number of punts, average yards per punt, fumbles, fumbles lost, opponents passes intercepted, penalties, and yards lost by penalties. Individual statistics for Splendora covered pass receiving, punting, punt returns, kick off returns, passing, and rushing. A report entitled "Final Recap - Season Statistics," was also compiled and presented a complete recap of the weekly game statistics reports for Splendora.

Another report that is of value to both coaches and players is the football manual. Pudlowski(53) suggests that the player's manual is one more of the records that coaches could keep in order to make it easier on themselves. This manual is a booklet that contains copies of mimeographed information written and published by the coach and distributed by him to all of his athletes. A football player's manual will save valuable time for the coach and will contribute to better coaching. It will serve as a teaching guide for the coach and as a study guide for his athletes. All pertinent administrative detail and football information are included in the manual. Thus, any confusion or misunderstanding which might arise in a player's mind concerning practice and game procedures is eliminated. Definite standards, which all players are able to understand, are established. Furthermore, because the manual is arranged in such an organized and efficient manner, it should be of assistance in instilling an attitude of confidence in a football team.

If a coach adopts the use of the manual technique and is successful, he may wish to revise it each year. If he follows this procedure, he will have something to use in measuring his own development as a student of football.

In 1969-70, Granger(28) published a Rules and Regulations Handbook for the students at Splendora High School, as well as one for the coaches. These handbooks set out policies concerning training rules, workouts, participation, personal rules, care of athletic equipment, injuries, rules on the field and in the dressing room, transportation policies, awards policies and some of the specific University Interscholastic League rules. Also included in this handbook was a schedule of the games for the 1969 season.

Bryant(7) has strongly encouraged recognition of the defensive players. According to him, playing defensive is the toughest assignment in football. Therefore, favorable publicity is a morale builder to the defensive squad. By keeping statistics on the defensive game, the players can be sold on the challenge of defense and its importance to the game.

Graves(29) also believes in selling the defensive game to the players. He has devised an overall defensive run record chart showing total defensive records at each hold. Next he has an overall defensive pass record chart showing pass defense by areas. He also uses an individual defense record chart showing results of plays directed at a particular defense. At the end of the season, a defensive report is made--with statistics showing records of overall defense, the defensive record of each defense, and an analysis with recommendations for how to correct failures.

Dietzel(19) has emphasized the importance of the scouting report and the importance of keeping these reports from year to year. He says that after writing a brief summary, a copy of the scouting report should be filed in a safe place for future reference.

Certainly all high schools do not employ large enough coaching staffs to keep all of the desired records, but some of the reports suggested can be incorporated in all high school programs. It is the administrative function, therefore, to insure the continuance of existing order. Shepard(61) concluded that its fundamental aim is to "carry on." Organizations that are vital and dynamic should see that the progress of their program is recognized and add to the information stored up each year.

Football is one of our great American heritages, and it is the responsibility of all coaches to guard, guide, defend, nurture, and

protect it--to see that the "termites" (evil forces) from within or without do not destroy that which contributes so much to our way of life(12). One of the ways we can protect it is to keep good, complete records.

Historical Studies

In 1952, Parker(51) made a study of the Football History of Sam Houston State Teacher's College. Parker's study was instigated by much the same motive as the writer's--the need for past information that was not readily available. His research was done from school annuals, school newspapers, and personal interviews with past coaches and school personnel.

Cross(16) did a similar study in 1952 on the History of Track and Field Meets at Sam Houston State Teacher's College. In this study, the author attempted to show the progression of field and track at Sam Houston State Teacher's College and associated schools. Cross employed much the same methods as Parker in his research. Methods used in these studies were also employed by the writer.

Anderson(1) conducted an investigation in 1965 of the History of the Men's Northwest Regional Softball Tournament from 1944 to 1964. He obtained pertinent information from interviews, newspapers, personal scrapbooks, tournament programs, and minutes of the meetings of the Northwest Commissioners of the Amateur Softball Association.

Souvall(62) made a study in 1965 of the Interscholastic Athletics at South High School in Salt Lake City, Utah. He made a chronological review from 1931 to 1965, using all available sources for this Salt Lake City high school.

The University Interscholastic League(14)

The University Interscholastic League keeps a record of all member

school's football activities each year in the form of game reports. Each team is required to make a complete report of every game in duplicate immediately after the game. One report is sent to the state office and one to the chairman of the district committee. The data included in one of these reports are the score, the teams playing, the approximate number in attendance, game site, what districts were represented, a list of all players, and statistics of the game. The officials are also named, along with any comments on their officiating.

The University Interscholastic League is made up of the member schools, and it is a product of their making. The constitution, by-laws, rules, and regulations reflect careful thought, experience, and judgment on how activities should be regulated and controlled for interscholastic competition. Few would agree with every rule, but none can deny they represent the present judgment of the total membership and are subject to revision and change as the membership sees fit.

The formation and revision of policies and rules governing the University Interscholastic League is similar to the passage of laws and amendments to the constitution of our state and federal government. The member schools and their representatives are analogous to the people in the process of the state or federal government constitutional changes. The Legislative Council of the League is similar to the state or federal legislature, the Directors, e.g., Director, Athletic Director, Music Director, Drama Director, and Journalism Director, constitute the administration. The State Executive Committee at the state level and the District Executive Committee make up the judicial system of the League.

The University Interscholastic League was first organized in December, 1910, at the State Teachers' Meeting at Abilene. Any public school in

Texas below the collegiate rank that is under the jurisdiction of and receives apportionment from the Texas Education Agency is eligible for membership with the exception of schools for defectives and correctives.

The District Executive Committee is composed of superintendents or their designated administrators from member schools. Each participating school shall have at least one vote. The District Executive Committee's duties are to enforce all rules and regulations and to settle all disputes and all questions of eligibility arising inside the district.

The University Interscholastic League serves close to 3,000 schools in League contests. Therefore, they are not able to keep information at their finger-tips covering a particular activity within a particular district. The office in Austin was contacted in the search for information concerning Magnolia's past football history. The University Interscholastic League office advised that the information needed was possibly available on microfilm, but it would be necessary for someone to go to Austin and search their film records. Therefore, this is not a ready source of information concerning past high school football activities.

Collegiate Football Records

While high schools are noted for not keeping complete records and reports, colleges usually have very concise and accurate reports. Royal(58) can take a look at the figures on his team's athletic accomplishments with ease because of good records. All through his book, he cites records to prove his point. It does not take him long to look at the records and quote when, where, and how the University of Texas "Longhorns" performed at any given time.

Booker(3) reported that a Prairie View athletic team has never finished last in any sport. He went on to give a report on all of Prairie View A & M College's outstanding seasons, which would not have been possible had they not kept good records.

In searching the Information Please Almanac(24), all kinds of information having to do with collegiate football records was found. Scores of games going back as far as 1902 were found. The Heisman Memorial Trophy Winners from 1935 through 1969 were named. The Heisman Memorial Trophy is presented annually by the Downtown Athletic Club of New York City to the Nation's outstanding college football player, as determined by a poll of sportswriters and sportscasters. Statistics can be found from this source on all of the annual major bowl college football games, along with the National College Football Champions.

Statistics have been a part of collegiate football just about as long as the game has been known; therefore, records are more readily available at this level. Press associations and newspapers have assigned writers to report football conflicts for almost fifty years(48). Although more writers and more radio and television sportscasters have been engaged during the past twenty years in reporting football than any other major sport, it was not until 1941 that the writers organized into an association. No major football game on the college front escapes the eyes of members of the association. Through most of the states, even in Honolulu, from the congested population centers through the more sparsely settled strongholds of football, the association is represented.

The purposes of the Football Writers Association of America(43:375) are:

1. To promote the best interests of football.

2. To encourage and recognize outstanding achievements in sportsmanship, in play, coaching, sports writing, or in other fields contributing to the advancement of the game, by awarding trophies or citations for exceptional performance.
3. To standardize the forms and methods in the compilation of football statistics.
4. To secure better facilities and better regulation of working conditions in the football stadium pressboxes.
5. To bring closer friendship among the writers of football throughout the United States.
6. To promote, through the mutual exchange of opinions and viewpoints and otherwise, better understanding and harmony between the football writers as a group and those with whom they work, the coaches, players, athletic directors, publicity directors, faculty representatives, conference commissioners and others.

Football's Man of the Year was the first award of the Football Writer's Association of America. Inaugurated in 1942, it goes annually to the person adjudged by the Football Writers Association members to have made, through his character, leadership, initiative or ability, the greatest contribution to the game(43).

Records were found on collegiate football pertaining to almost any category one would care to investigate. The U.S.A. College Football Champions(47) lists the team champions from 1883 to 1949, with selections made by the Helms Athletic Foundation, Los Angeles, after conference with authorities and record keepers on sport. College All-Time Records compiled by Ray Byrne(47) of Pittsburgh gives the Won-Lost-Tied record for 96 major colleges since they began playing football. These records cover a 63-year span from 1885 to 1949. A few of the high records are, Notre Dame with but 77 losses over this 63-year span led with a percentage of .843, having won 388 games, with 30 ties. The Irish are followed by Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Pennsylvania, Michigan, and Minnesota.

To illustrate what the game of football can do for a person, Knute K. Rockne(21) was an immigrant boy from Norway who became the greatest of all football coaches. More than anyone else, he popularized the game and made Notre Dame, where he was head coach from 1918 until his death in 1931, the country's outstanding football institution. During his thirteen-year regime, his teams won 105 games, lost 12, and were tied 5 times--a record no other coach can claim.

Professional Football Records and Statistics

Professional football, now firmly established, is an outgrowth of inter-collegiate football. The first professional game was played in 1895(24) at Latrobe, Pennsylvania. The National Football League was founded in 1921. The All-American Conference went into action in 1946. At the end of the 1949 season the two major play-for-pay circuits merged, retaining the name of the older league. In 1960, a rival circuit, the American Football League, began operations. In 1970, the leagues merged, completing plans begun in 1966. The organization retained the older league's name, the National Football League. There were 28 clubs, divided into two major divisions.

The 1960's was the decade when professional football became the magic sport in the United States. Kramer(39) wrote a book about the great Vince Lombardi, who dominated the professional football scene during the 1960's. Lombardi was coach of the Green Bay Packers during the era of the '60s.

Statistics from 1941-1969 on the longest plays in rushing, passing, punt returns, punts, field goals; in Career Leaders in rushing, passing, total offense, pass receiving, scoring, and kick scoring is readily available from The Encyclopedia of Sports(48) or the Information Please Almanac(24).

Through 1969, forty-two greats have been chosen by the Helms Hall Professional Football Hall of Fame(67).

The All-Star game, originated by the late Arch Ward, sports editor of The Chicago Tribune, is an annual classic held at Soldier Field, Chicago, in which the best of the college senior players of the preceding season and the championship team of the National Football League meet for the benefit of charitable institutions of all denominations. A trophy is presented to the outstanding college player, as determined by the judges, as the most valuable to his team in the game(48).

CHAPTER III

PROCEDURES

As pointed out in the related research, the broad category of history, being a record of the past, allows for a wide variety of studies. The procedure followed in this study was: (1) searched school publications, (2) searched local newspapers, (3) made personal interviews, and (4) compiled the data into schedules and rosters. This procedure follows the generally accepted approach used by Anderson(1), Cross(15), Parker(46), and Souvall(56) in their research.

School Publications

The first school publication researched was the school annual, the Bulldog(8). The annuals for all of the thirty years covered by this study were gathered from the school library. The first step was to make tentative schedules from the information available in the annuals. Blanks were left in the schedules for the years that were incomplete, to be filled in after further investigation. Many times the annual revealed only the teams played and the scores of the games.

Boxes of files, which had been stored in the attic of Magnolia High School, were searched for pertinent information. Copies of the school newspapers for December, 1951, January, 1952, March, 1952, October, 1952, and November, 1952 were uncovered by this source. The December, 1951 issue confirmed scores for the game with Navasota on September 14, 1951. The January issue confirmed All-District members for 1951. The March issue listed the lettermen for 1951. The October, 1952 issue confirmed the date of the game with Milano as October 24. The November, 1951 issue

confirmed the homecoming game. This issue also carried scores for the Milano and Lexington games. These were the only copies of school newspapers uncovered through this research.

Programs were found in the same files for games in 1948, 1949, 1950, 1954 through 1961, and 1964 through 1971. In most instances, the programs for the games included rosters--giving the athlete's numbers, names, positions, and in some instances, weights. Rosters were set up from this source, leaving blanks where information was not available so that it could be filled in later. The programs also included a schedule showing opponents and dates for the season. Programs for Bi-District or Regional games usually carried complete schedules.

Newspapers

The office of the Tomball Tribune and the Spring Tribune were visited in an effort to confirm or establish information on some of the missing data for the schedules and rosters already set up. Copies of issues back as far as 1960 were available at this source; however, no information of any value was found here.

The Conroe Courier office was visited also, but their back issues of publications were not readily available. The Montgomery County Library did have copies of the Conroe Courier on filmstrip for all of the period being researched. The September 18, 1945 issue of the Courier carried a story of a meeting called by Montgomery County School Superintendent, Keith Stuart, to organize a six-man football district to participate in the University Interscholastic League. This district was to be effective in the Fall of 1946. The April 24, 1947 issue carried an article on the establishment of eleven-man football teams, to be effective in the Fall of 1947. Other information gleaned from the Courier served to confirm

information already established from other sources.

Personal Interviews

After researching the foregoing sources, the writer began making personal interviews in an effort to complete the tentative schedules and rosters already set up. An article was run in the local newspapers advising of the historical study being undertaken and requesting anyone with pertinent information to contact the writer. Many of the interviews were a result of these articles.

Numerous interviews with Coach Swann(64), present Head Coach and Athletic Director at Magnolia, proved to be an invaluable source of information. He supplied the game sites for games he had coached. He was also able to verify much of the information from the school annuals.

A personal interview with past Magnolia Superintendent and Coach Tom R. Ellisor(22) uncovered much more information. He provided game sites for 1941 and 1942 and confirmed the scores for those two seasons. Ellisor was also able to verify the time as 1946 when Magnolia became a member of the University Interscholastic League. He also provided or confirmed the names of coaches from 1941 to the time Swann came to Magnolia.

More information was obtained through talking with some of the people who have lived in the Magnolia area for many years. Mrs. Bertie Brently(5), who runs a Beauty Shop in Magnolia, was able to furnish posters of the Magnolia Football Schedules for the years 1957, 1958, and 1959. The scores had been written in for many of the games on these posters.

Mrs. Lou Macik(45) sent posters of the Magnolia schedules for 1955, 1956, and 1957. Mrs. Macik is a past graduate of Magnolia. She is presently the Librarian and Mr. Macik is the School Counselor at Magnolia.

Mr. Wayne Seals(59), a 1957 graduate of Magnolia, shed some light on the 1956 season. He now operates a service station in Magnolia. He was able to correct information on the Iola game in 1956. Seals also furnished the writer with the 1957 school annual, which confirmed the opponents and scores and furnished the lettermen for that season.

Coach Gayle McGinty(42), Assistant Football and Head Track Coach for Magnolia from 1958 through 1963, also furnished game sites and dates for games during that period. McGinty is a graduate of Sam Houston State Teacher's College and has lived in the Magnolia area all his life. He is now in charge of the Physical Education Program in the Junior High School at Magnolia.

Coach Dean Shaver(60), Head Football Coach for the 1961-62 seasons, was interviewed over the telephone. He verified some of the scores and corrected others for that season.

Coach Gene Rogers(57), Head Coach and Athletic Director during the 1958, 1959, and 1960 seasons, was also interviewed by telephone. He confirmed scores and furnished the games that were homecoming games for these seasons.

Mrs. Mildred Rickett(55), a certified teacher and graduate of Sam Houston State University, was interviewed regarding the 1948-49 season. Mrs. Rickett is a 1949 graduate of Magnolia High School, and is presently a housewife in Magnolia.

W. O. "Soapy" Johnson(36) was interviewed concerning his methods of compiling high school statistics for the Houston area high schools, as well as for the collegiate and professional teams in the area. Johnson is the chief athletic statistician in the Houston area. He has compiled forms for use by the high schools that assist him in gathering the

information at that level. He also handles statistics for the University of Houston, Rice University, and the Houston Oilers. Johnson is employed by Hughes Tool Company, Houston, Texas and does statistical work on a contract basis. He is considered by most coaches to be a leader in the field of athletic statistics. He has made attempts through the Texas High School Coaches' Association to get a standardized method for reporting high school statistics throughout the state.

Jim McLemore(44), Publicity Director for the Houston Oilers, was interviewed at his office in Houston. He furnished statistical information compiled by the Oiler's staff at the end of a season. These statistics cover individual records for passing, rushing, receiving, punting, punt returns, kickoff returns, interceptions, and kicking. The team statistics cover total first downs, total offense yards, rushing offense, passing offense, touchdown passes, punting yards, total return yards, fumbles, and penalties. Total points covers points made by touchdowns, point after touchdowns, safties, and field goals. Final results for the season and total attendance records were also shown on this recap.

Bill Whitmore(72), Sports Information Director for Rice University, was also interviewed at his office in Houston regarding the forms they use for reporting game results to the National Conference. This form includes rushing, scoring, passing, punting, punt returns, interception returns, kickoff returns, fumble returns, own fumbles, and penalties. There is also a section for summarizing the times carried, yards gained, yards lost, and net yardage. The score is also reported by quarters. A copy of this game report is furnished each team, the National Conference office, and the wire service.

Frank Krystyniak(40), Sports Information Director at Sam Houston

State University, was interviewed concerning their game report to the Lone Star Conference. This report is called a Summary of Football Game Statistics. The report covers first downs, penalties, and own fumbles for both the home team and the visiting team. Individual statistics for the home team include players names, and records for each in rushing, passing, total offense, receiving, intercepted returns, punting, punt returns, kickoff returns, extra points kicked, and field goals kicked. Additional statistics include scores by quarters, game time, and weather conditions. A scoring summary section is also included. The form used is printed by the National Collegiate Sports Service, 420 Lexington Avenue, New York.

Discussions with a number of high school coaches indicated that they use published statistical forms in their program. One that was mentioned by several of the coaches was printed by HAARCO Statistical Company, Wolfe City, Texas.

Compiling Data

After investigating the above sources, the information was organized chronologically beginning in 1941 through the present time.

The opponent and scores for the 1941 season were obtained from the school annual. The interview with Ellisor(22) revealed the game sites; however, the author was unable to find the dates for the games this season. The athlete's names and classifications for the roster were taken from the school annual also. The number, positions, and weights were obtained from Ellisor. No information was available concerning the lettermen and since Magnolia had not joined the University Interscholastic League, there were no all-district members. All this information was placed on the schedule and roster for 1941.

Again in 1942, the opponents and scores were taken from the annual

and the game sites came from the interview with Ellisor. No dates were obtained for this season. The only information available for the 1942 roster was the names and classifications that were obtained from the annual and the positions, which were obtained from Ellisor. Some of the positions and classifications were not available.

The football program was reorganized in 1944, after it had been eliminated for the 1943 season because of the war. Information for this season was very scarce. The only information available from the annual concerning the schedule was the opponents and the scores. An interview with Preston Kelly(37) revealed three of the game sites and confirmation of the scores. The annual revealed the athlete's names, grades, and the lettermen for the roster. The balance of the information on the roster came from Kelly.

The schedule for 1945 was set up with the opponents and scores from the annual. Dates were not obtained, but Coach Ware(69) furnished the locations for the games. The roster was set up from the annual with the names, numbers, and classifications. Preston Kelly provided the balance of information on the roster for 1945.

In 1946 the majority of the information came from the annual. The schedule was complete with the exception of the game site for the November 27 game. Kelly was able to confirm Conroe as the site of this game. The roster was set up with numbers, names, and classifications from the annual. Positions and weights were obtained from Kelly. No information was obtained concerning lettermen for this year.

In 1947 dates, game sites, and scores were obtained from Kelly and opponents came from the annual. This completed the schedule. The names, classifications for the roster were obtained from the annual, while Kelly

supplied the balance of information for that year.

Another Magnolia resident, Mrs. Mildred Rickett(55), furnished information for the 1948 season. No information was available from the annual for this season. Mrs. Rickett furnished the dates, opponents, game sites, and scores for this season from a scrapbook she had kept. The roster was set up with numbers, names, positions, and weights from a copy of a program for the Crosby game. Lettermen were obtained from Mrs. Rickett and classifications from the annual.

In 1949, information for the schedule was obtained chiefly from the annual. Dates, opponents, and scores were taken from the annual and game sites were obtained from Coach Swann(64). All information for the roster was obtained from a copy of the program for the September 30 game with Liberty, with exception of the lettermen and classifications. This information was taken from the annual.

In 1950, the opponents and scores were taken from the annual. Dates and game sites were provided by Coach Swann. For the roster, the numbers, names, classifications, and positions came from the annual. Mrs. Rickett was able to provide weights from a copy of a program she had in her scrapbook.

In 1951, 1952, and 1953, schedules were set up with opponents and scores from the annual. Swann furnished dates and game sites for these years. Concerning the roster, the numbers, names, positions, and classifications were obtained from the annual for each respective year. The lettermen and weights were supplied by personal interview with Jimmy Peacock(52).

The information for 1954 was taken from a copy of the Bi-District program. The only information not available for the schedule from this

source was the dates, which were taken from the annual. The roster was set up from this same program. Numbers, names, positions, and weights were available from the program. Classifications, lettermen, and all-district members were obtained from the annual.

From posters provided by Mrs. Lou Macik(45), complete schedules were set up for 1955, 1956, and 1957. Mrs. Macik had inserted the scores on the posters for each game as it had been played. Rosters for 1955 and 1956 were established from copies of programs. Lettermen and classifications were obtained from the annual. The 1957 roster was set up with all the information from the annual with the exception of the weights, and these were provided by Coach Swann.

Posters for the 1958 and 1959 seasons were supplied by Mrs. Brently(5), with scores written in. This information was confirmed from a copy of a program for each respective year. The roster for 1958 was taken from the annual. The 1959 roster was taken from a copy of a program for October 17 with Montgomery.

The 1960 schedule was set up with dates, opponents, game sites, and scores from a program of the November 24 game with Colmesneil. The information for the roster also came from this source with exception of the classifications and lettermen, which came from the annual.

In 1961, the schedule came from the annual. The roster was obtained from a copy of the program for the Hempstead game on September 15, with exception of the classifications, which were obtained from the annual.

Information for the 1962 and 1963 seasons was very sketchy. Gayle McGinty(42) was interviewed and furnished most of the information. He furnished all of the information on the schedule. The information for the roster was obtained from the annual concerning the numbers, names, positions,

and classifications. Weights were furnished by McGinty.

Information for the 1964, 1965, and 1966 seasons was obtained from copies of programs. The only information taken from the annual for these seasons was the classifications and lettermen for the roster.

In 1967 the schedule was obtained from a poster furnished by Hugh McCracklin(41). Scores had been filled in on this poster. The roster was taken from a program for the November 3 game with Waller.

In 1968 and 1969 all information was taken from programs.

In 1970 and 1971 statistics were kept by the author and therefore, readily available.

All the schedules and rosters for each year were arranged chronologically, with any remarks of interest made by the persons interviewed showing up in the remarks section of the schedule. By arranging the schedules and rosters in this order, information is readily available to any interested party.

CHAPTER IV

PRESENTATION OF THE HISTORICAL DATA

The information gathered was organized in the following manner:

(1) all information on the past coaches of Magnolia High School was sorted and arranged chronologically from 1941 to the present time, (2) the schedules and results were arranged chronologically, (3) the rosters were arranged chronologically, and (4) information of a special nature was collected and treated as highlights.

Coaches

A coach's work is not confined just to the athletic field. He has many responsibilities other than that of turning out an athletic team. He has off-the-field obligations to his players and assistants, fellow coaches, his school, the alumni, the press, and the general public. A coach is likely to be an important person in his community, which makes it very important that he live up to his responsibilities as a citizen. McKay(43) has summed up the coaches' obligation to himself by saying that a coach should live cleanly, deal fairly, work faithfully at his job, uphold the traditions of clean, hard play and good sportsmanship--and maintain self respect. He has a tremendous responsibility to the game itself.

Football, or any other sport, is only as good as the men who coach it. As the records will reveal, Magnolia has enjoyed their share of good coaches.

Tom R. Ellisor(22) coached the first football at Magnolia in 1941, while also serving as the Superintendent of Schools. Ellisor coached for two years. Prior to this time, he had served 27 years as Superintendent.

He came to Magnolia in 1925 as a teacher and became superintendent in 1927. Ellisor graduated from Sam Houston State Teacher's College, where he majored in Physical Education and minored in Industrial Arts. Magnolia had their first undefeated team under Ellisor's guidance in 1941, with seven wins, no losses, and one tie game. Because football was a new sport in their athletic program, they did not join the University Interscholastic League and participate in district play that first season. Consequently, their first undefeated season failed to win them title recognition. The school administration felt they needed some experience behind them before competing in district play. Records show, however, that they would have won their first year if they had joined the University Interscholastic League--for they beat the team that won district that year. Before retiring from coaching, Ellisor racked up a 10-1-1 record. Upon leaving Magnolia, he went to Van Vleck. He stayed at Van Vleck for twelve years. At the present time, his home is in New Waverly, Texas.

Like many other high schools, Magnolia did not participate in football in 1943. So many boys went into the armed forces that the school was too short of personnel to have a football program.

Magnolia began participation in football again in 1944 with J. E. Little as coach. Little was a graduate of Sam Houston State Teacher's College. He came directly to Magnolia after graduation and coached the Bulldogs to a 4-3-0 season. After one year, Coach Little left Magnolia to go to work for Harris County in Houston, Texas.

The next season, 1945, Harold Ware(69) came to Magnolia to coach the Bulldogs to a 6-2-0 season. Coach Ware came to Magnolia from Splendora. He was also a graduate of Sam Houston State Teacher's College, where he majored in Biology and minored in Physical Education. Ware left Magnolia

to go to Tomball. After teaching and coaching for 25 years, he returned to Magnolia in 1971, where he presently teaches Physical Science.

Clark Tippen was the Bulldog's next coach. He came to Magnolia from Sam Houston State Teacher's College. He coached at Magnolia for two years, 1946 and 1947. In 1946 he had an 8-3-0 season and in 1947, a 4-4-0. Up to this time, Magnolia had played six-man football. In 1947 Coach Tippen coached Magnolia's first eleven-man team. Tippen left Magnolia to go to League City.

The fifth coach to head the young Bulldogs was Murray Mitchell in 1948. Mitchell was only with the Bulldogs for one year with a 3-7-0 season. He was another graduate of Sam Houston State Teacher's College.

Coach H. H. Swann(64) was the next coach to come to Magnolia High School. From Hermleigh, Texas, Swann came to Magnolia for a nine-year stay. He was at Magnolia from 1949 to 1958, and then left Magnolia in 1958 to go to Van Horn for two years and then to Tomball for four years. In district play during this nine-year period, Swann had a 72-19-6 record. He won four District Championships, two Bi-District, and one Regional. Swann was to return to Magnolia in later years.

During Swann's absence, Gene Rogers(56) coached the Bulldogs in 1958, 1959, and 1960. During these three years, Rogers' Bulldogs won three District Championships, two Bi-District Championships, and two Regional Championships. Coach Rogers boasts the first undefeated and untied team in the history of football at Magnolia. Rogers' record for this three-year period was 28-6-1. In 1959, after losing to Katy, Magnolia started on a long winning streak by defeating Klein 44-14. From here the Bulldogs racked up 22 straight wins. Coach Rogers had a fine record at Magnolia, and left to go to Bishop, Texas.

In 1961, Dean Shaver(60) came to Magnolia as coach. Shaver won two District Championships and one Bi-District. In 1961, Magnolia won the 22nd game in their winning streak in a game with Iola--opening the 1961 season. They lost to Waller 6-0 to end their winning streak, which had started in 1959. Coach Shaver brought the Bulldogs back after losing to Waller to win their next eight games before losing to Buffalo in Bi-District. During his two year stay, Shaver had a 16-5-2 record.

Roland Jones came to coach the Bulldogs in 1963. He had a record of 18-13-1 during his three year stay. In 1965, the Bulldogs won District, Bi-District, and Regional by defeating Van Vleck 21-0. This was the last time the Bulldogs won Regional. In 1965 Magnolia was rated as the number one team in the state in Class B ball. Jones left Magnolia and went to Livingston, Texas.

Swann returned to Magnolia in 1966, where he is still Head Coach and Athletic Director. Swann coached Magnolia for fifteen of the thirty years they have had football on their schedule of activities. He has had ten District Championship Clubs, five Bi-District, and one Regional. During his years of coaching at Magnolia, Swann has coached a number of boys who have gone on to make names for themselves in the field of athletics as well as other fields. One of the most outstanding in the athletic field would be Buddy Dial. Dial made All-State honors in high school; All-American at Rice University; and All-Pro in the professional ranks. Several past athletes of Coach Swanns were contacted in doing an article paying tribute to him(26). The following statements reflect their feelings about him.

Cecil Groves(31) graduated from Magnolia in 1957. He received his Doctor of Philosophy Degree from the University of Texas and is now

Vice-President of Delgoda Junior College in New Orleans. He has this to say about Coach Swann:

Coach Swann could take a club with a minimal degree of talent and fashion a fine football team! I think probably one of the most important things Coach Swann taught me was to continually strive towards excellence--to continue to drive to be better than we were. This was brought out in a number of ways--his effort was always toward perfection. We didn't have a complicated, sophisticated offense--we had a well-oiled, efficient formation. Another thing he drilled into us was not to give up, to continually strive to win. I remember my senior year--we lost our first two games, one of them to a club that had never beaten us before. We felt pretty bad, but he kept at us to get in there and win and not to give up just because we had lost two games. We went on to win Regional that year. These two things, striving toward excellence and not giving up, have stayed with me and helped me all these years.

Gerald Applewhite(2) was another of Coach Swann's athletes. He graduated from Magnolia in 1956. Applewhite played football for Coach Swann from 1953 through 1956 in the back position and has the following to say about Swann:

Coach Swann was very helpful to me. I lost my father when I was quite young and Coach Swann taught me a lot. One of the things he instilled in me, and all the boys, was a strong sense of discipline. In fact, he demanded discipline and it certainly has helped me in the years since. He also gave me a keen awareness of competitiveness, not only in athletics, but in other endeavors as well. The training he gave me, the way he taught us that you had to make sacrifices to achieve a certain goal, has been very helpful to me. I can't say enough to express the good influence Coach Swann made in my life.

Max Graham(25) was another young athlete inspired by Coach Swann. Graham graduated in 1959 and is now a high school coach at Bellville, Texas. In the following statement, he gives Swann credit for his becoming a coach:

Coach Swann definitely influenced my becoming a coach. I played for Coach Swann from the 7th grade through

the 11th grade, when he left Magnolia for a short time. He built the program at Magnolia. He started the program with nothing, you might say. It's hard to define in words the spirit he put into you. He probably got more out of average material than any other coach I've ever been associated with.

Leadership is essential in any educational activity, but in athletics leadership is of paramount importance. As evidenced by the statements taken for the aforementioned article, a coach has the opportunity to help mold the character of adolescent youth and every coach should realize this and take advantage of this opportunity.

Schedules and Results

Football, as a competitive sport, began at Magnolia High School in 1941. Since that time, with the exception of 1943, it has been a continuous sport. It began with the Superintendent of Schools coaching the team and has grown to have fourteen District Championship teams, eight Bi-District, and four Regional. Magnolia has an overall record of 216 wins, 80 losses, and 13 ties.

The information contained in the following schedules pertains to the games played and outstanding events concerning the seasons. It is arranged by dates, opponents, game sites, and scores. Season results and district results have been recapped. Any information of special interest has been treated as "remarks." This covers such items as the district classification, homecoming games, and remarks made by coaches interviewed concerning outstanding plays or events.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1942

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
	New Waverly	New Waverly	19	-	20
	New Waverly	Magnolia	28	-	24
	Splendora	Magnolia	54	-	20
	New Caney	New Caney	41	-	6
	Total Points Season		70	-	142

Season Results:	Won - 3	Lost - 0	Tied - 0
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Remarks: Perhaps it was because football was such a new sport, but information concerning 1942 was very sketchy. Coach Ellisor(22), coach for the Bulldogs in 1942, was interviewed concerning this season and was able to provide the game sites. However, he did not have information concerning the dates the games were played.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1944

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
	Willis		7	-	45
	Shepherd	Magnolia	12	-	25
	Splendora	Splendora	52	-	12
	New Waverly		45	-	7
	Splendora	Magnolia	33	-	19
	Willis		6	-	52
	New Waverly		1	-	0
Total Points Season			156	-	160

Season Results: Won - 4 Lost - 3 Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia organized a six-man team shortly after the opening of school. They had not had a team in 1943 due to the war; therefore, 1943 found them starting over again in this sport.

Before meeting Magnolia, Willis had won several games with other opponents. This was the first test for Magnolia and they hadn't had enough practice to make a very good showing. However, by the time they met Shepherd, they had gained in confidence and made a better showing. They gained momentum and were victorious in their next three games. Willis came back though to humble them again by beating them 52-6. The last game against New Waverly was won by forfeit due to illness and bad weather.

Again this year, information concerning dates and game sites was very sketchy. The writer was not able to obtain any of the dates and only three of the game sites for this season.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1945

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
	Iola	Iola	19	-	0
	New Caney	Magnolia	46	-	6
	Willis	Willis	12	-	41
	New Caney	New Caney	41	-	7
	Splendora	Magnolia	0	-	6
	Willis	Magnolia	20	-	13
	Iola	Magnolia	48	-	14
	Splendora	Splendora	39	-	37
	Total Points Season		225	-	124

Season Results: Won - 6 Lost - 2 Tied - 0

Remarks: According to Coach Ware(69), the Bulldogs were ready to play ball this year. The "Big Six" came on strong from the very first whistle. However, their strongest challenger, Willis, was ready too, and slowed down their winning streak.

The last game with Splendora was won in the very last play of the game, according to Preston Kelly(37). A long pass was thrown by Rueben Stokely to Randolph Anderson in the end zone to win the game. At half-time, Magnolia was behind 25-0, and they came back strong in this game.

No dates were obtainable for this season.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1946

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 20	New Caney	* Magnolia	47	-	14
Sept. 26	Willis	* Magnolia	26	-	25
Oct. 4	Iola	* Magnolia	15	-	0
Oct. 11	Splendora	* Splendora	19	-	0
Oct. 18	New Waverly	Magnolia	24	-	7
Oct. 25	Willis	* Willis	0	-	54
Oct. 31	New Waverly	New Waverly	20	-	0
Nov. 8	Splendora	* Magnolia	42	-	25
Nov. 15	Iola	* Iola	19	-	42
Nov. 22	New Caney	* New Caney	55	-	19
Nov. 27	Willis	** Conroe	27	-	28
Total Points Season			294	-	214
District Game		*			
Play-Off		**			

Season Results:	Won - 8	Lost - 3	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 7	Lost - 1	Tied - 0

Remarks: In 1946 Magnolia joined the University Interscholastic League and played Class B ball. The district was made up of a double round robin schedule.

Magnolia and Willis were Co-Champs this season and had to play a play-off game to determine who would represent the district in the Bi-District Play-offs. According to Ellisor(22), Magnolia kicked off to Willis in the play-off; Willis fumbled and Magnolia recovered in the end-zone for a touchdown. However, Willis went on to win the game by one point.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1947

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Magnolia - Opponent		
Oct. 4	Crosby	Crosby	0	-	18
Oct. 11	East Bernard	East Bernard	0	-	35
Oct. 18	Huntsville "B"	Magnolia	25	-	0
Oct. 25	Klein	Magnolia	37	-	6
Nov. 1	Cypress Fairbanks	* Cypress Fairbanks	13	-	12
Nov. 8	Katy	* Katy	12	-	6
Nov. 14	Hempstead	* Hempstead	18	-	25
Nov. 21	Waller	* Magnolia	7	-	18
Total Points Season			112	-	130

District Games *

Season Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 4	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 2	Lost - 2	Tied - 0

Remarks: In 1947 Magnolia began playing 11-man football in University Interscholastic League competition.

New lights on the football field were dedicated at the October 18th. game.

Scores for the 1947 season were verified by Preston Kelly(34).

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1948

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 10	Cypress Fairbanks	Magnolia	0	-	18
Sept. 17	Crosby	Crosby	0	-	25
Sept. 24	Huntsville "B"	Magnolia	18	-	6
Oct. 1	East Bernard	Magnolia	6	-	26
Oct. 8	Klein	* Magnolia	12	-	2
Oct. 15	Sealy	* Sealy	0	-	6
Oct. 22	Hempstead	* Hempstead	7	-	25
Oct. 29	Open				
Nov. 5	Katy	* Katy	6	-	25
Nov. 12	Waller	* Waller	13	-	19
Nov. 19	Spring Branch	* Spring Branch	13	-	12
Total Points Season			75	-	164
District Game		*			
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Season Results:	Won - 3	Lost - 7	Tied - 0		
District Results:	Won - 2	Lost - 4	Tied - 0		

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 33 B in 1948.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1949

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 17	Huntsville "B"	Magnolia	37	-	0
Sept. 24	Lovelady	Magnolia	32	-	0
Sept. 30	Liberty	Liberty	14	-	0
Oct. 7	Klein	* Klein	6	-	6
Oct. 14	Sealy	* Magnolia	26	-	0
Oct. 22	Hempstead	* Hempstead	6	-	6
Oct. 28	Sugarland	Magnolia	7	-	0
Nov. 4	Katy	* Katy	12	-	0
Nov. 10	Waller	* Waller	19	-	0
Nov. 17	Spring Branch	* Spring Branch	0	-	12
Total Points Season			159	-	24
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 7	Lost - 1	Tied - 2
District Results:	Won - 3	Lost - 1	Tied - 1

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 33 B this season.

According to Swann(64), this season had the least number of points scored on Magnolia in their history of football, with them scoring 159 points as opposed to their opponents 24.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1950

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 16	Sugarland	Sugarland	30	-	0
Sept. 23	Klein	Magnolia	19	-	12
Sept. 30	Cypress-Fairbanks	Magnolia	25	-	13
Oct. 6	Tomball	Magnolia	13	-	39
Oct. 13	Sealy	Sealy	31	-	0
Oct. 20	Hempstead	* Hempstead	27	-	7
Oct. 27	Angleton	* Angleton	12	-	13
Nov. 3	Katy	* Magnolia	20	-	2
Nov. 10	Waller	* Waller	33	-	7
Nov. 17	Spring Branch (H.C.)	* Magnolia	15	-	14
Dec. 1	Pearland	** Conroe	7	-	14
Total Points Season			232	-	121
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			

Season Results: Won - 8 Lost - 3 Tied - 0

District Results: Won - 4 Lost - 1 Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 34 B this season. They won District, but lost out in Bi-District play to Pearland.

Katy was undefeated in five games when Magnolia defeated them on November 3. Billy Hyman scored two touchdowns and Billy Parker intercepted a pass and ran 50 yards for the last touchdown.

Homecoming was played against Spring Branch on November 17.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1951

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 14	Navasota	Navasota	21	-	13
Sept. 21	Tomball	Magnolia	0	-	33
Sept. 28	Cypress Fairbanks	Cypress Fairbanks	13	-	12
Oct. 5	Klein	Klein	13	-	6
Oct. 12	A & M Consolidated	* Magnolia	19	-	20
Oct. 19	Hempstead	* Hempstead	0	-	12
Oct. 26	Milano	* Milano	41	-	7
Nov. 2	Lexington	* Lexington	14	-	13
Nov. 9	Waller	* Magnolia	12	-	7
Nov. 16	Somerville	* Somerville	25	-	0
Total Points Season			158	-	123
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 7	Lost - 3	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 2	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 34 B in 1951.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1952

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 19	Centerville	Centerville	7	-	14
Sept. 26	Cypress-Fairbanks	Magnolia	0	-	13
Oct. 3	Klein	Magnolia	7	-	26
Oct. 10	Katy	Katy	20	-	7
Oct. 17	Hempstead	* Hempstead	7	-	39
Oct. 24	Milano	* Milano	30	-	7
Oct. 31	Lexington	* Magnolia	32	-	0
Nov. 7	Waller	* Waller	25	-	12
Nov. 14	Somerville (H.C.)	* Magnolia	34	-	7
Nov. 21	A & M Consolidated	* A & M Consolidated	13	-	38
Total Points Season			175	-	163
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 5	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 2	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 B in 1952.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1953

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 11	Waller	Magnolia	18	-	6
Sept. 18	Centerville	Magnolia	37	-	12
Sept. 25	Cypress-Fairbanks	Cypress-Fairbanks	51	-	6
Oct. 2	Klein	Klein	20	-	20
Oct. 9	Open				
Oct. 16	Katy	Magnolia	13	-	6
Oct. 23	Milano	* Magnolia	46	-	6
Oct. 30	Lexington	* Lexington	41	-	0
Nov. 6	Hempstead	* Hempstead	12	-	6
Nov. 13	Willis	* Magnolia	34	-	0
Nov. 20	Somerville	* Somerville	63	-	18
Dec. 3	Chilton	** Marlin	26	-	13
Dec. 9	Sugarland	*** Lamar Consolidated	6	-	13
Total Points Season			367	-	106
District Game			*		
Bi-District Game			**		
Regional Game			***		

Season Results:	Won - 10	Lost - 1	Tied - 1
District Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 B in 1953.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1954

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 10	Waller	Waller	24	-	0
Sept. 17	Open				
Sept. 24	Cypress-Fairbanks	Magnolia	20	-	0
Oct. 1	Klein	Magnolia	45	-	9
Oct. 8	A & M Consolidated	A & M Consolidated	38	-	7
Oct. 15	Kinkaid	Magnolia	38	-	27
Oct. 22	Lovelady	* Lovelady	40	-	0
Oct. 29	Iola	* Magnolia	55	-	19
Nov. 5	Hempstead (H.C.)	* Magnolia	34	-	0
Nov. 12	Willis	* Willis	37	-	7
Nov. 19	Somerville	* Magnolia	48	-	20
Dec. 3	Lott	** Marlin	13	-	13
Dec. 10	Barbers Hill	*** Conroe	13	-	18
Total Points Season			405	-	120
District Game			*		
Bi-District Game			**		
Regional Game			***		

Season Results:	Won - 10	Lost - 1	Tied - 1
District Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 B this year. They won District and Bi-District Championships, but lost out in Regional play to Barbers Hill.

Homecoming game was played against Hempstead on November 5.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1955

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 9	Waller	Magnolia	32	-	6
Sept. 16	Katy	Katy	7	-	0
Sept. 23	Allen Academy	Magnolia	25	-	0
Sept. 30	Klein	Klein	40	-	12
Oct. 7	A & M Consolidated	Magnolia	21	-	6
Oct. 14	Open				
Oct. 21	Lovelady	* Magnolia	40	-	13
Oct. 28	Iola	* Iola	33	-	0
Nov. 4	Hempstead	* Hempstead	0	-	33
Nov. 11	Willis	* Magnolia	27	-	14
Nov. 18	Somerville	* Somerville	46	-	25
Total Points Season			271	-	109
District Game		*			
<hr/>					
Season Results:	Won - 9	Lost - 1	Tied - 0		
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 1	Tied - 0		

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 B in 1955.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1956

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 14	Waller	Waller	6	-	6
Sept. 21	Katy	Magnolia	0	-	40
Sept. 28	Klein	Magnolia	7	-	13
Oct. 5	Shepherd	Shepherd	33	-	0
Oct. 12	Tarkington	Tarkington	33	-	7
Oct. 19	Montgomery	* Montgomery	39	-	7
Oct. 26	Iola	* Magnolia	6	-	6
Nov. 2	Hempstead	* Magnolia	7	-	0
Nov. 9	Willis	* Willis	27	-	0
Nov. 16	Somerville	* Magnolia	39	-	20
Nov. 23	Tarkington	** Tomball	54	-	25
Nov. 30	Chilton	*** Magnolia	19	-	14
Total Points Season			270	-	138
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			
Regional Game		***			

Season Results:	Won - 8	Lost - 2	Tied - 2
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 0	Tied - 1

Remarks: In 1956, Magnolia played in District 27 B. They won District, Bi-District, and Regional Championships this year.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1957

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 13	Waller	Magnolia	44	-	20
Sept. 20	Katy	Katy	20	-	0
Sept. 27	Klein	Klein	25	-	0
Oct. 4	Shepherd	Magnolia	53	-	25
Oct. 11	Cleveland	Cleveland	2	-	20
Oct. 18	Montgomery	* Magnolia	20	-	7
Oct. 25	Iola	* Iola	28	-	0
Nov. 1	Hempstead	* Hempstead	0	-	26
Nov. 8	Willis	* Magnolia	34	-	6
Nov. 15	Somerville	* Somerville	35	-	14
Total Points Season			261	-	118
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 8	Lost - 2	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 1	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia participated in District 26 B play during 1957.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1958

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 12	Waller	Waller	6	-	19
Sept. 19	Katy	Magnolia	6	-	36
Sept. 26	Klein	Magnolia	36	-	14
Oct. 4	Lutheran (H.C.)	Magnolia	6	-	18
Oct. 10	Bremond	Bremond	0	-	6
Oct. 17	Montgomery	* Montgomery	28	-	6
Oct. 24	Crosby	Crosby	14	-	14
Oct. 31	Hempstead	* Magnolia	44	-	0
Nov. 8	Willis	* Willis	42	-	0
Nov. 14	Somerville	* Magnolia	42	-	0
Nov. 21	Calvert	** Hearne	13	-	19
Total Points Season			237	-	132
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			

Season Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 5	Tied - 1
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia participated in District 26 B play in 1958. They won District Championship but lost out in Bi-District to Calvert.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1959

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 11	Waller	Magnolia	20	-	18
Sept. 18	Katy	Katy	8	-	48
Sept. 25	Klein	Klein	44	-	14
Oct. 2	Saratoga	Magnolia	68	-	8
Oct. 9	Bremond	Magnolia	54	-	0
Oct. 17	Montgomery (H.C.)	* Magnolia	58	-	0
Oct. 23	Crosby	Magnolia	24	-	6
Oct. 30	Hempstead	* Hempstead	26	-	0
Nov. 6	Willis	* Magnolia	36	-	0
Nov. 13	Somerville	* Somerville	64	-	22
Nov. 20	Buffalo	** Magnolia	60	-	14
Nov. 27	Colmesneil	*** Livingston	48	-	0
Total Points Season			510	-	130
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			
Regional Game		***			

Season Results:	Won - 11	Lost - 1	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 27 B in 1959. They won District, Bi-District, and Regional Championships this year.

On September 25th, when Magnolia beat Klein, they started what was to be their longest winning streak. Before they were defeated again, they were to win 23 games straight.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1960

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 2	Iola	Iola	48	-	14
Sept. 9	Waller	Waller	24	-	8
Sept. 16	Hempstead	Magnolia	54	-	16
Sept. 23	Klein	Magnolia	34	-	8
Sept. 30	Crosby	Crosby	20	-	0
Oct. 8	Hitchcock (H.C.)	Magnolia	23	-	0
Oct. 14	Spring	* Magnolia	54	-	8
Oct. 21	New Caney	* Magnolia	58	-	8
Oct. 28	Splendora	* Splendora	47	-	14
Nov. 4	Open				
Nov. 11	Montgomery	* Montgomery	62	-	6
Nov. 18	Iola	** Navasota	48	-	6
Nov. 24	Colmesneil	*** Cleveland	30	-	16
Total Points Season			502	-	104
	District Game	*			
	Bi-District Game	**			
	Regional Game	***			

Season Results:	Won - 12	Lost - 0	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: In 1960 Magnolia played in District 30 B. They won District, Bi-District, and Regional Championships.

The 1960 Homecoming game was played against Hitchcock on Oct. 8.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1961

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 1	Iola	Magnolia	62	-	8
Sept. 8	Waller	Magnolia	0	-	8
Sept. 15	Hempstead	Hempstead	24	-	6
Sept. 22	Klein	Klein	34	-	0
Sept. 30	Crosby (H.C.)	Magnolia	19	-	12
Oct. 6	Hitchcock	Hitchcock	32	-	6
Oct. 13	Spring	* Spring	56	-	8
Oct. 20	New Caney	* New Caney	42	-	0
Oct. 27	Splendora	* Magnolia	62	-	0
Nov. 3	Open				
Nov. 10	Montgomery	* Magnolia	50	-	12
Nov. 17	Buffalo	** Centerville	0	-	12
Total Points Season			381	-	72
District Game			*		
Bi-District Game			**		

Season Results:	Won - 9	Lost - 2	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 30 B in 1961. They won District, but lost out in the Bi-District game to Buffalo.

This year started off real disappointing, according to Coach Shaver(60). Magnolia had won 22 games in a row going into this season. They won the first game against Iola, to give them a 23 game winning streak, but were put down by Waller. They went on to win the next eight ball games and then lost in Bi-District. Shaver felt like they really should have won Regional again this year...that they had the team for it.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1962

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 7	Iola	Iola	0	-	0
Sept. 14	Waller	Waller	0	-	12
Sept. 21	Hempstead	Magnolia	6	-	24
Sept. 28	Klein	Magnolia	28	-	19
Oct. 5	Crosby	Crosby	0	-	0
Oct. 12	Open				
Oct. 19	Hitchcock (Homecoming)	Magnolia	16	-	14
Oct. 26	New Caney	* New Caney	14	-	8
Nov. 2	Splendora	* Magnolia	52	-	14
Nov. 9	Montgomery	* Montgomery	38	-	12
Nov. 16	Willis	* Willis	20	-	14
Nov. 23	Wallis	** Tomball	14	-	2
Nov. 30	Barbers Hill	*** Tomball	12	-	35
Total Points Season			200	-	154
District Game			*		
Bi-District Game			**		
Regional Game			***		

Season Results:	Won - 7	Lost - 3	Tied - 2
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 27B this season. Coach Shaver (60) felt like his boys really played some good ball, even though on paper it didn't look that way. At mid-season they had a 2-2-2 record and then the Hitchcock game seemed to pull them all together and they began to play some good ball. At half-time, the Bulldogs were behind 14-0. The Hitchcock game was won in the very last play. Nichols, who usually was Shaver's punter, came in to play end position...caught a pass and ran about 40 yards for the winning T.D.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1963

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 7	Iola	Magnolia	6	-	20
Sept. 14	Waller	Magnolia	6	-	28
Sept. 21	Hempstead	Hempstead	8	-	21
Sept. 28	Klein	Klein	10	-	22
Oct. 4	Crosby	Magnolia	8	-	41
Oct. 11	Hitchcock	Hitchcock	0	-	52
Oct. 18	New Caney	* New Caney	8	-	8
Oct. 25	Open				
Nov. 1	Splendora	* Splendora	8	-	28
Nov. 8	Montgomery	* Magnolia	20	-	6
Nov. 15	Willis	* Magnolia	12	-	14
Total Points Season			86	-	240
District Game		*			
<hr/>					
Season Results:	Won - 1	Lost - 8	Tied - 1		
District Results:	Won - 1	Lost - 3	Tied - 0		

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 27 B in 1963. This season was to prove to be the worst in Magnolia's first thirty years of football.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1964

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 11	Willis	Magnolia	21	-	0
Sept. 18	Waller	Waller	6	-	28
Sept. 25	Hempstead	Magnolia	20	-	0
Oct. 2	Friendswood	Friendswood	6	-	7
Oct. 9	Klein (H.C.)	Magnolia	0	-	15
Oct. 16	Chester	* Chester	42	-	18
Oct. 23	Colmesneil	* Colmesneil	12	-	6
Oct. 30	Cold Springs	* Magnolia	9	-	13
Nov. 6	Evadale	* Magnolia	30	-	0
Nov. 13	Montgomery	* Montgomery	36	-	14
Total Points Season			182	-	101
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 6	Lost - 4	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 1	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 B in 1964.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1965

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 10	Willis	Willis	47	-	6
Sept. 17	Waller	Magnolia	26	-	0
Sept. 24	Hempstead	Hempstead	26	-	0
Oct. 1	Friendswood (H.C.)	Magnolia	57	-	8
Oct. 8	Klein	Klein	0	-	16
Oct. 15	Chester	* Magnolia	57	-	0
Oct. 22	Colmesneil	* Magnolia	72	-	0
Oct. 29	Cold Spring	* Cold Spring	20	-	14
Nov. 5	Evadale	* Evadale	20	-	0
Nov. 12	Montgomery	* Magnolia	41	-	12
Nov. 19	Centerville	** College Station	29	-	0
Nov. 26	Van Vleck	*** Sealy	21	-	0
Total Points Season			416	-	56
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			
Regional Game		***			

Season Results:	Won - 11	Lost - 1	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 B in 1965. They won District, Bi-District, and Regional Championships. This year they were rated "Top Team in the State" in Class B, according to a plaque in the school trophy case. This award was made by the Sports-writers Association.

Magnolia played their homecoming game against Friendswood on October 1.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1966

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 9	Tomball	Magnolia	13	-	0
Sept. 16	Barbers Hill	Barbers Hill	6	-	13
Sept. 23	Spring	Magnolia	7	-	6
Sept. 30	Klein	Magnolia	0	-	23
Oct. 7	Somerville (H.C.)	* Magnolia	34	-	14
Oct. 14	Willis	* Magnolia	20	-	0
Oct. 21	Splendora	* Splendora	38	-	0
Oct. 28	Hempstead	* Magnolia	14	-	12
Nov. 4	Waller	* Waller	19	-	0
Nov. 11	New Caney	* New Caney	10	-	0
Nov. 18	Hull-Daisetta	** Livingston	0	-	36
Total Points Season			161	-	104
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			

Season Results:	Won - 8	Lost - 3	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 6	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia advanced to Class A ball in 1966. They played in District 26A.

Homecoming game was played against Somerville on October 7.

This was Coach Swann's first year back coaching the Bulldogs after an eight year absence.

Magnolia won District this year, but lost out to Hull-Daisetta in the Bi-District game.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1967

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 8	Tomball	Tomball	21	-	44
Sept. 15	Barbers Hill	Magnolia	8	-	0
Sept. 22	Spring	Spring	17	-	8
Sept. 29	Klein	Klein	5	-	26
Oct. 6	Somerville	* Somerville	26	-	0
Oct. 13	Willis	* Willis	13	-	0
Oct. 20	Splendora (H.C.)	* Magnolia	44	-	0
Oct. 27	Hempstead	* Hempstead	41	-	0
Nov. 3	Waller	* Magnolia	6	-	18
Nov. 10	New Caney	* Magnolia	35	-	7
Total Points Season			216	-	103
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 7	Lost - 3	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 1	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 A this year.

They played their Homecoming game with Splendora on October 20.

The Bulldogs were on probation by the University Interscholastic League in 1967 due to a violation of the off-season training program rule. There was a misunderstanding brought about by a group of Junior High boys playing football on school property before the time set to begin training.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1968

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 13	Tomball	Magnolia	16	-	6
Sept. 20	Waller	Waller	0	-	16
Sept. 27	Spring	Magnolia	27	-	0
Oct. 4	Allen Academy	Magnolia	57	-	0
Oct. 11	Tarkington (H.C.)	Magnolia	42	-	10
Oct. 18	Somerville	* Somerville	21	-	7
Oct. 25	Splendora	* Magnolia	54	-	0
Nov. 1	Willis	* Willis	29	-	0
Nov. 8	Burton	* Magnolia	52	-	0
Nov. 15	Hempstead	* Magnolia	27	-	0
Nov. 22	Barbers Hill	** Humble	9	-	10
Total Points Season			334	-	39
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			

Season Results:	Won - 9	Lost - 2	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 A this year. They won District Championship...racking up 183 points as opposed to their opponents 7 points.

Homecoming game was played against Tarkington on October 11.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1969

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 12	Tomball	Tomball	26	-	15
Sept. 19	Waller	Magnolia	14	-	12
Sept. 26	Spring	Spring	7	-	6
Oct. 3	Groveton	Magnolia	7	-	18
Oct. 10	Tarkington	Tarkington	33	-	6
Oct. 17	Somerville (H.C.)	* Magnolia	28	-	8
Oct. 24	Splendora	* Splendora	32	-	6
Oct. 31	Willis	* Magnolia	18	-	7
Nov. 7	Burton	* Burton	1	-	0
Nov. 14	Hempstead	* Hempstead	27	-	32
Nov. 21	Barbers Hill	** Humble	6	-	33
Total Points Season			199	-	143
District Game		*			
Bi-District Game		**			

Season Results:	Won - 8	Lost - 3	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 4	Lost - 1	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 26 A in 1969.

Magnolia was Tri-Champ in 1969, sharing the glory with Hempstead and Willis. Magnolia won the coin-toss to represent District 26 A in the Bi-District game. They lost to Barbers Hill, a strong ball club, by 33-6.

Homecoming was played against Somerville on October 17 this year.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1970

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Magnolia - Opponent		
Sept. 11	Tomball	Magnolia	0	-	55
Sept. 18	Waller	Waller	6	-	18
Sept. 25	Katy	Katy	21	-	8
Oct. 2	New Caney	Magnolia	20	-	6
Oct. 9	Splendora (H.C.)	* Magnolia	31	-	0
Oct. 16	Hempstead	* Magnolia	41	-	8
Oct. 23	New Waverly	* Magnolia	24	-	0
Oct. 30	Open				
Nov. 6	Willis	* Willis	22	-	0
Nov. 13	Montgomery	* Montgomery	66	-	0
Nov. 20	Tidehaven	** Sealy	34	-	14
Nov. 26	Pflugerville	*** Giddings	13	-	24
Total Points Season			278	-	133
	District Game	*			
	Bi-District Game	**			
	Regional Game	***			

Season Results:	Won - 8	Lost - 3	Tied - 0
District Results:	Won - 5	Lost - 0	Tied - 0

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 25 A in 1970. They won District and Bi-District championships, but lost out to a strong Pflugerville at the Regional level.

After dropping their first two ball games, Magnolia came back by defeating Katy 21-8. They won their next eight ball games... overpowering their opponents. They allowed only 8 points to be scored on them in District play, while rolling up 184 points. This was the first time they advanced to Regional since 1965.

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

1971

Date	Opponent	Game Site	Score		
			Magnolia	-	Opponent
Sept. 10	Tomball	Tomball	6	-	47
Sept. 17	Waller	Magnolia	6	-	12
Sept. 24	Katy	Katy	20	-	20
Oct. 1	New Caney (H.C.)	Magnolia	24	-	0
Oct. 8	Splendora	* Splendora	13	-	15
Oct. 15	Hempstead	* Hempstead	28	-	28
Oct. 22	New Waverly	* New Waverly	27	-	0
Oct. 29	Willis	* Magnolia	0	-	7
Nov. 5	Montgomery	* Magnolia	38	-	6
Total Points Season			162	-	135
District Game		*			

Season Results:	Won - 3	Lost - 4	Tied - 2
District Results:	Won - 2	Lost - 2	Tied - 1

Remarks: Magnolia played in District 25 A this year. This was the last year for them to participate in Class A ball, for in 1972 they would advance to AA. During the six years they played Class A ball, they won four District titles and one Bi-District.

Homecoming was played in 1971 against New Caney on October 1.

Rosters

The rosters are also arranged in chronological order, beginning in 1941 to the present time. (Appendix A) The information is organized according to number, name, letterman, year, position, and weight. All-District and All-State choices are indicated by an asterisk (*).

This chronologue of rosters supplies a ready source of reference on past athletes in the football field at Magnolia.

Highlights

The highlights point out some of the most outstanding events that have taken place in the football program at Magnolia. Statistics presented in the schedules and rosters have been summarized and brought out in the following highlights.

Table I gives Magnolia's district record for the 26 years they have participated in University Interscholastic League Competition. Out of this 26 years, they went 12 years undefeated in district play. They went five years, from 1958 through 1962, without a district loss in Class B. Their total record for 26 years in district play is 105-23-3.

The Bulldogs scored the most points against an opponent in a single game against Saratoga in 1959 with a score of 68-8. The most points scored on the Bulldogs was in 1970 by Tomball with a score of 55-0. The highest total points scored in a single game was in the game between Somerville and Magnolia in 1959 with Magnolia winning 64-22.

The most points scored in a season was 510 points against the opponent's 130 in 12 games in 1959 under Coach Gene Rogers.

The most points scored in district play was Magnolia 215 - Opponents 46 in 1954 in five district games under Coach Swann.

TABLE I. DISTRICT RECORD - 26 YEARS DISTRICT PLAY

1946 - 1971

Season	Class	Won-Lost-Tied	Coach	Other
1946	B	7 - 1 - 0	Tippen)	
1947	B	2 - 2 - 0	Tippen)	Tippen's Record - 9-3-0
1948	B	2 - 4 - 0	Mitchell)	Mitchell's Record- 2-4-0
1949	B	3 - 1 - 1	Swann)	
1950	B	4 - 1 - 0	Swann)	
1951	B	4 - 2 - 0	Swann)	
1952	B	4 - 2 - 0	Swann)	
1953	B	5 - 0 - 0	Swann)	Swann's Record - 37-8-2
1954	B	5 - 0 - 0	Swann)	
1955	B	4 - 1 - 0	Swann)	
1956	B	4 - 0 - 1	Swann)	
1957	B	4 - 1 - 0	Swann)	
1958	B	4 - 0 - 0	Rogers)	
1959	B	4 - 0 - 0	Rogers)	Rogers' Record - 12-0-0
1960	B	4 - 0 - 0	Rogers)	
1961	B	4 - 0 - 0	Shaver)	
1962	B	4 - 0 - 0	Shaver)	Shaver's Record - 8-0-0
1963	B	1 - 3 - 0	Jones)	
1964	B	4 - 1 - 0	Jones)	Jones' Record - 10-4-0
1965	B	5 - 0 - 0	Jones)	
1966	A	6 - 0 - 0	Swann)	
1967	A	5 - 1 - 0	Swann)	
1968	A	5 - 0 - 0	Swann)	
1969	A	4 - 1 - 0	Swann)	Swann's Record - 27-4-1
1970	A	5 - 0 - 0	Swann)	
1971	A	2 - 2 - 1	Swann)	

The least number of points scored on Magnolia in a season was in 1949 with just 24 points. This season consisted of ten games.

The least number of points scored on Magnolia in district play was six points in 1958 under Coach Rogers.

Magnolia's poorest season was in 1963 with a record of 1-8-1. The Bulldogs scored 84 points against the opponents 238.

Magnolia's best season was in 1960 with a record of 12-0-0 under Coach Rogers.

The longest winning streak in Magnolia's history has been a 22 game winning streak beginning in 1959 and ending in 1961.

Out of 309 games played from 1941 through 1971, Magnolia has shut out 80 teams and been shut out 28 times.

Magnolia has had an outstanding history of high school football. Table II gives a record for Magnolia versus the ten most-often played teams in their history of football. This includes all of the teams that Magnolia has met 12 or more times.

During all the time Magnolia has had football in their schedule, only seven boys have made All-District three years. Alford Smith was the first, making All-District in 1949, 1950, and 1951. Jimmy Peacock was next, making All-District in 1951, 1952, and 1953, followed by Gerald Applewhite, Bobby Goodson, Cecil Groves, and Wayne Seal--all making All-District in 1954, 1955, and 1956. John Shivers was the latest to match these records, making All-District in 1968, 1969, and 1970.

Magnolia produced one athlete who went on to play professional ball. Buddy Dial graduated from Magnolia in 1955. He made All-State at Magnolia, All-American at Rice University, and All-Pro playing professional ball. Dial retired from the professional ranks with the Dallas Cowboys.

TABLE II. MAGNOLIA'S RECORD AGAINST TEN MOST-OFTEN PLAYED TEAMS

Waller		Hempstead		Willis		Klein		Splendor		New Caney		Iola		Katy		Somerville		Montgomery	
Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year	Won- Lost-Tied	Year
13 11 1	14 9 2	17 7 0	12 7 2	16 3 0	14 0 1	10 2 2	8 4 1	13 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0	12 0 0
Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp	Year	Mag- Opp
1947	7- 18	1947	18- 35	1944	7- 45	1947	37- 6	1941	31- 27	1941	38- 0	1945	19- 0	1947	12- 6	1951	25- 0	1956	39- 7
1948	13- 19	1948	7- 25	1944	6- 52	1948	12- 2	1941	34- 0	1941	39- 18	1945	48- 14	1948	6- 25	1952	34- 7	1957	20- 7
1949	19- 0	1949	6- 6	1945	12- 41	1949	6- 6	1942	54- 20	1942	41- 6	1946	15- 0	1949	12- 0	1953	63- 18	1958	28- 6
1950	33- 7	1950	27- 7	1945	20- 13	1950	19- 12	1944	52- 12	1945	46- 6	1946	19- 42	1950	20- 2	1954	48- 20	1959	58- 0
1951	12- 7	1951	0- 12	1946	26- 25	1951	13- 6	1944	33- 19	1945	41- 7	1954	55- 19	1952	20- 7	1955	46- 25	1960	62- 6
1952	25- 12	1952	7- 39	1946	0- 54	1952	7- 26	1945	0- 6	1946	47- 14	1955	33- 0	1953	13- 6	1956	39- 20	1961	50- 12
1953	18- 6	1953	12- 6	1946	27- 28	1953	20- 20	1945	39- 37	1946	55- 19	1956	6- 6	1955	7- 0	1957	35- 14	1962	38- 12
1954	24- 0	1954	34- 0	1953	34- 0	1954	45- 9	1946	19- 0	1960	58- 8	1957	28- 0	1956	0- 40	1958	42- 0	1963	20- 6
1955	32- 6	1955	0- 33	1954	37- 7	1955	40- 12	1946	42- 25	1961	42- 0	1960	48- 14	1957	20- 0	1959	64- 22	1964	36- 14
1956	6- 6	1956	7- 0	1955	27- 14	1956	7- 13	1960	47- 14	1962	14- 8	1960	48- 6	1958	6- 36	1966	34- 14	1965	41- 12
1957	44- 20	1957	0- 26	1956	27- 0	1957	25- 0	1961	60- 0	1963	8- 8	1961	68- 8	1959	8- 48	1967	26- 0	1970	66- 0
1958	6- 19	1958	44- 0	1957	34- 6	1958	36- 14	1962	52- 14	1966	10- 0	1962	0- 0	1970	21- 8	1968	21- 7	1971	38- 6
1959	20- 18	1959	26- 0	1958	42- 0	1959	44- 14	1963	8- 28	1967	35- 7	1963	6- 20	1971	20- 20	1969	28- 8		
1960	24- 8	1960	54- 16	1959	38- 0	1960	34- 8	1966	38- 0	1970	20- 6								
1961	0- 8	1961	24- 6	1962	20- 14	1961	34- 0	1967	44- 0	1971	24- 0								
1962	0- 12	1962	6- 24	1963	12- 14	1962	28- 19	1968	54- 0										
1963	6- 28	1963	8- 21	1964	21- 0	1963	10- 22	1969	32- 6										
1964	6- 28	1964	20- 0	1965	47- 6	1964	0- 15	1970	31- 0										
1965	26- 0	1965	26- 0	1966	20- 0	1965	0- 16	1971	13- 15										
1966	19- 0	1966	14- 12	1967	13- 0	1966	0- 23												
1967	6- 18	1967	41- 0	1968	29- 0	1967	5- 26												
1968	0- 6	1968	27- 0	1969	18- 7														
1969	14- 12	1969	27- 32	1970	22- 0														
1970	6- 18	1970	41- 8	1971	0- 7														
1971	6- 12	1971	28- 28																
25 Games		25 Games		24 Games		21 Games		19 Games		15 Games		13 Games		13 Games		13 Games		12 Games	

The following boys played on the Texas High School Coaches'

Association All-Star Team:

Buddy Dial	1955
Cecil Groves	1957
Kenny Smith	1961
W. J. Wynn	1962
Ken Powers	1966
Ronnie Westmoreland	1967
Nathanial Richardson	1968

Boys who made All-State, as chosen by the Texas Sportswriters

Association are as follows:

Jimmy Fleming	1965
Ken Powers	1965
Ronnie Westmoreland	1966
James Richardson	1967
John Shivers	1970
Buddy Noack	1970
James Holmes	1970

CHAPTER V

SUMMARY

Football became a part of the athletic program at Magnolia more than thirty years ago. However, information on the early years of football was very hard to obtain because records were not kept in permanent record files of the athletic activities. Part of the reward of participating in football comes from the pride of having belonged to a winning team. It would have been hard for a Magnolia coach to use the past as a basis for encouraging the "best" prior to this study, for there were no records to substantiate that Magnolia had really ever been the best in the past.

The competitive sport of football began at Magnolia in 1941. From 1941 through the 1945 football season, Magnolia did not belong to the University Interscholastic League. They played a regular schedule of games each year, however, with the exception of 1943. Through 1946, Magnolia played six-man football. In 1946, they joined the University Interscholastic League, but continued playing six-man ball that first year in League play. In 1947, they began playing eleven-man football.

Since joining the University Interscholastic League, Magnolia has won fourteen District Titles, eight Bi-District Titles, and four Regional Titles. They have an overall record of 216 wins, 80 losses, and 13 ties, for an all-time percentage of .718.

Conclusions

Magnolia has had a history of football that would make any school proud. However, like so many other high schools, records were not kept to back up this boast. They have had many outstanding seasons, and in fact

were rated as the Number One team in the state in 1965. If records had been kept on past seasons, these facts could have been used more effectively to encourage and motivate athletes. As was pointed out in this study, one aspect of coaching which many coaches neglect is the compiling and analyzing of statistics.

In conclusion, it is humanly impossible for anyone to recall all of the action that has taken place or the performance of each of the players after a football game is over. Therefore, every coach should accept the responsibility of seeing that statistics are compiled during the game and that these statistics are gathered after every game and put into appropriate report form to be filed in permanent record files.

Recommendations

This research was done to present a composite history of football at Magnolia High School from the beginning, 1941, through the present time. It is organized and presented to make all materials readily available to the reader. Considering the many difficulties encountered in collecting the data contained herein, the author makes the following recommendations:

1. The Athletic Department should keep a report on each football game, and at the end of each season, the information should be placed in a permanent record file. The report on each game should include: (a) date of the game, (b) game site, (c) opponent and scores, (d) complete roster with team members, classification, position played, weight, lettermen, all-district and all-state selections, and (e) game statistics.

2. A copy of the report required by the University Interscholastic League should be kept in the Athletic Department in a continuous permanent record. This file should not be a seasonal file, but should be added to

each season, so that all of the reports would be together.

3. Someone on the staff should keep a scrapbook of all publicity received by the football team during any one season. This scrapbook should also be placed in a permanent record file.

4. A systematic method of collecting the information necessary should be established and followed each season. The author has collected information for the 1971 season and had it bound and placed in the Athletic Department files, as well as in the School Library. This is a complete record for District 26 A and Magnolia High School. It is suggested that this is a feasible method to follow in the future to gather this information.

5. Some good forms for gathering statistics are printed by HAARCO Statistical Records, Post Office Box 49, Wolfe City, Texas, 85496. It is recommended that these, or some similar forms, be used in collecting the statistical data at Magnolia High School.

6. In order to point out the need for keeping statistical records, it is recommended that more research of this nature should be done.

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APPENDIX A
FOOTBALL ROSTERS

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1941

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	T. J. Dinkins	X	Sr.	E	155
11	Kenneth Kelly	X	Sr.	E	115
13	Morris Damuth	X	Sr.	B	185
13	Albert Rena	X	Sr.	B	135
14	James B. Kelly	X	So.	B	155
16	Bobby Seyle	X	Jr.	B	150
17	Lamar O'Neal	X	So.	E	165
18	Max Morris	X	Sr.	E	150
19	Reuben Boswell	X	Jr.	B	140
21	Lee Edwards	X	Sr.	B	185
22	John L. Peacock	X	Sr.	B	160
24	Houston Cole	X	Sr.	B	170

Coach: Tom R. Ellisor

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: W. T. Turlington

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1942

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
	Rueben Boswell	X	Sr.	E	
	Rod Burroughs			E	
	Tiny Burroughs		Jr.	B	
	Thomas Damuth		Sr.	C	
	James Kelly		Jr.	B	
	Albert Pena	X		B	
	Johnny Pena	X	Sr.	E	
	Johnny Sebastian				
	Bobby Seyle	X	Sr.	B	
	Gene Stephenson				
	Lester Thompson				

Coach: Tom R. Ellisor

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: Leo Stuver

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1944

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
1	Raymond Rickett	X	Jr.	L	170
3	Dempsey Carraway		Jr.	B	120
4	Ben Edward Smith	X	Jr.	B	125
5	Alfred Lee Yelverton		So.	B	165
6	Preston Kelly	X	So.	B	150
7	Douglas Matheson	X	Jr.	L	150
8	Rueben Stokely	X	Sr.	B	165
9	Donald Lee	X	Jr.	L	165
10	Randolph Anderson	X	Sr.	L	120
11	Henry Bryant		Sr.	L	120
12	Neil Wilkerson		Jr.	L	195
13	Grover Damuth	X	Jr.	B	145
14	George Mixon	X	Jr.	B	165
15	James Foster		Fr.	L	150

Coaches: J. E. Little, Tom R. Ellisor

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: Leo Stuver

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1945

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
1	Raymond Rickett	X	Jr.	C	165
2	Randolph Anderson	X	Sr.	E	135
3	Dempsey Carraway		Jr.	E	165
4	Ben Edwards Smith	X	Jr.	B	130
5	Alfred Yelverton		Fr.	B	160
6	Preston Kelly	X	So.	B	160
7	Douglas Matheson	X	Jr.	E	160
8	Rueben Stokely	X	Sr.	B	170
9	Donald Lee	X	Jr.	E	170
11	Henry Bryant		Sr.	E	150
12	Neil Wilkerson		Jr.	B	185
13	Grover Damuth	X	Jr.	B	160
14	George Mixon	X	Jr.	B	175
15	James Foster		Fr.	B	150

Coaches: Harold Ware, Edgar B. Turner

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: Edgar B. Turner

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1946

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
1	L. F. Gayle		Fr.		
3	Lyvell Lott		8th.		145
6	Maurice Cook		Fr.		130
7	Dayton Baker		Fr.	L	100
10	Dempsey Carraway		Sr.	E	150
11	George Mixon		Sr.	B	150
11	Remmie Scorbrough		7th.	L	160
12	Joe Williams		Fr.		130
12	Harold Winslow		Fr.		140
13	Grover Damuth		Sr.	B	165
14	Howard Damuth		Jr.	B	130
14	Preston Kelly		Jr.	B	160
15	Douglas Matheson		Sr.	L	160
16	Eddie James		Jr.	B	120
17	Ray Austin		So.	E	135
20	Alfred Ysluerton		So.	B	160
22	Bo Raymond Rickett		Sr.	C	165
23	Robert Mixon		So.	C	200
24	Donald Lee		Sr.	E	180

Coach: Clark Tippen

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal:

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1947

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
1	Dayton Baker	X	So.	G	100
3	Willie Free		Fr.	C	140
7	Alfred Smith		Fr.	B	155
8	Harold Winslow		So.	C	145
11	Leon Braunagel	X	So.	C	155
11	Billy Parker		Fr.	B	150
12	Clifford Purvis		Fr.	E	130
12	George Moore	X	Jr.	G	140
13	L. F. Gayle		So.	B	150
14	Maurice Cook		So.	E	130
15	Lyvell Lott		Fr.	B	155
16	Eddie James (Captain)	X	Sr.	B	130
17	Ray Austin	X	Jr.	E	135
18	Preston Kelly	X	Sr.	B	160
19	Billy Perkins	X	Sr.	E	160
20	Howard Damuth	X	Sr.	B	140
21	Arthur Lee Mixon	X	Jr.	G	210
22	Willard Evans		Jr.	L	165
23	Robert Mixon	X	Jr.	T	200
24	Billy Groves	X	Sr.	T	185
	Charlie Joe Smith	X	So.	B	155
	Emmett Rumfield		Fr.	E	120
	John Disman		Fr.	E	135

Coaches: Clark Tippen, Leo Stuver

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: Leo C. Stuver

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1948

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Charlie Smith		Jr.	B	147
11	Leon Braunagel	X	Jr.	E	150
12	Dayton Baker	X	Jr.	G	110
13	L. F. Gayle	X	Jr.	B	122
14	John Disman		So.	E	132
15	Lyvell Lott	X	So.	B	163
16	Maurice Cook		Jr.	E	122
17	Alfred Smith	X	So.	B	135
18	Billie Moore	X	So.	G	120
19	Billie Parker	X	So.	E	135
20	Willie Plocheck			B	116
21	Arthur Mixon (Captain)	X	Sr.	T	185
22	Willard Evans (Captain)	X	Sr.		170
23	Lyndle Carrell		Fr.	G	175
24	James Ricketts		Fr.	B	97
25	Harold Winslow	X	Jr.	C	145
26	Clifford Purvis		So.	E	120
27	Albert Olbrych		So.	T	162
28	J. A. Turner		So.	T	175
29	Robert Watson	X	Jr.	B	160
30	Willie Free		So.	C	124
31	Willard Luans			T	160
	Johnny Kurten		Fr.	E	120
	James Klawinsky			G	138
	Emmett Rumfield		So.	E	118

Coaches: Murry Mitchell

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: Leon C. Stuver

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1949

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	L. F. Gayle		Sr.	B	140
11	James Rickett		So.	B	120
12	Clifford Purvis		Jr.	B	135
13	Charlie Smith		Sr.	B	140
14	Robert Watson	*	Sr.	E	155
15	Alford Smith		Jr.	E	140
16	Leon Braunagel	*	Sr.	T	160
17	Albert Olbrych		Jr.	T	160
18	Dayton Baker	*	Sr.	G	135
19	Harold Winslow	*	Sr.	G	150
20	Billy Parker	*	Jr.	B	145
21	Don Buckalew		So.	B	140
22	Lawrence Smith		So.	G	145
24	Lyvell Lott	*	Jr.	B	170
25	Hubert Chronestor		Jr.	E	150
26	Billy Moore	*	Jr.	G	145
27	Vernon Gayle		Jr.	T	140
28	Buz Carrell		Jr.	T	180
30	Willie Free		Jr.	C	140
31	David Peacock		So.	C	140

All-District *

Coach: H. H. Swann

Superintendent: Tom R. Ellisor

Principal: Leo C. Stuver

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1950

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Billy Hyman		So.	B	135
11	Pat Nesby		Jr.	T	110
12	Grady Burleson		Fr.	B	115
14	Don Day		Sr.	G	140
20	L. B. Mixon		Fr.	B	120
22	George Boswell		Fr.	B	125
23	Gene Rainey		Sr.	G	130
25	Dan Dennis		So.	C	110
27	John B. Phillips		Jr.	E	110
28	Curtis Kurten		Fr.	E	110
31	Leslie Winslow		Fr.	T	120
40	Mann Rickett	X	Jr.	B	130
41	David Peacock	X	Jr.	C	140
42	Alfred Smith (Captain)	* X	Sr.	E	150
43	Hubert Chronester		Sr.	G	140
44	Johnnie Kurten	X	Jr.	G	140
45	Willie Free (Captain)	* X	Sr.	C	150
46	Albert Olbrych	* X	Sr.	T	180
47	Billy Moore	* X	Sr.	G	150
48	Buz Carroll	* X	Jr.	T	190
50	Emmett Romfield	* X	Sr.	C	130
60	Billy Parker	* X	Sr.	G	150
70	Don Buckalew	* X	Jr.	B	155

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Cameron Byler

Superintendent: Larry J. Boyd

Principal: Ben L. Keene

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1951

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
11	Mann Rickett (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	160
14	Buddy Medley		So.	B	155
25	L. B. Mixon		So.	B	145
27	Jimmy Peacock	*	Jr.	E	170
28	Moses Herrera		So.	G	160
29	Thorston Rutheford		So.	C	160
30	Don Buckalew	*	Sr.	B	165
31	George Boswell		So.	B	150
32	Lesie Pavelka		So.	B	150
40	Frank Dean		So.	G	160
41	Curtis Kurten		So.	G	180
42	Don Nask		So.	T	150
43	Wayne Yancey		So.	T	185
45	Grady Burlson		So.	B	145
47	Jack Uffen	*	Sr.	B	168
51	David Peacock (Captain)	*	Sr.	E	170
52	Johnny Kurten	✕	Sr.	G	175
53	Malcom Purvis		Fr.	T	165
54	Billy Hyman	*	Sr.	T	170
55	Pat Nesby	*	Jr.	G	140
58	John Billy Phillips		Sr.	E	150
58	Joseph Lane		So.	T	150
66	Leslie Winslow		So.	T	175
70	Don Dean		Jr.	C	140
75	Wesley Cowart		Jr.	T	200

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Cameron Byler

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: J. D. Wallace

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1952

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
25	Buddy Dial	X	So.	E	145
26	Vernard Selenski		So.	G	135
27	L. C. Nickerson	X	Jr.	B	155
28	Thurston Rutherford	X	Jr.	C	155
29	Lessie Pavelka		Jr.	G	148
31	L. B. Mixon	X	Jr.	B	158
32	Bobby Seals	X	So.	B	150
33	Billy Covington	X	Sr.	B	130
34	Grady Pauelson		Jr.	B	148
35	Buddy Meadley	X	Jr.	B	155
36	Gerald Applewhite	X	Fr.	B	125
37	Bobby Goodson	X	Fr.	B	142
38	Jimmy Peacock (Captain)	* X	Sr.	E	175
39	Johnnie Olbrych	X	So.	B	145
40	Dan Dennis (Captain)	X	Jr.	C	155
41	Bobby Parker		So.	E	135
55	Bob Grimes		Fr.	T	165
70	Pat Nesby	* X	Sr.	G	145
71	Frank Dean	X	Sr.	G	145
72	Curtis Kurten	X	Jr.	T	170
73	Kenneth Uffen	X	Fr.	G	135
74	Moses Herrera	X	Jr.	T	165
75	Wayne Yancey	X	Jr.	T	185
76	Malcom Purvis		So.	T	176
77	Billy Frank Hyde	X	Sr.	T	180
78	Phillip Hodge	X	So.	T	150

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Bill Hartsfield

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: E. F. Bittick

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1953

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight	
14	Ronald Carter		Fr.	G	130	
25	Buddy Dial	*	X	Jr.	E	160
27	Bobby Goodson		X	So.	B	160
28	Thurston Rutherford			Sr.	C	165
29	Moses Herrera			Sr.	T	160
31	L. B. Mixon (Captain)	*		Sr.	B	163
33	Wayne Seals		X	Fr.	B	140
34	Charles Ward			Fr.	E	135
35	Buddy Medley	*		Sr.	B	160
36	Gerald Applewhite	*	X	So.	B	130
37	L. C. Nickerson	*		Jr.	B	165
38	Leslie Pavelka			Sr.	B	160
39	Johnny Olbrych	*	X	Jr.	B	145
40	Leslie Carter		X	So.	C	150
41	Bobby Parker			So.	E	140
42	Phillip Hodge		X	Jr.	C	160
55	Leon O'Neal			Fr.	G	145
56	Robert Livingston			Fr.	C	135
70	Cecil Groves		X	So.	T	170
71	Frank Dean (Captain)	*		Sr.	G	155
72	Curtis Kurten	*		Sr.	G	175
73	Bernard Selenski			Jr.	G	160
74	Ted Northcutt			So.	E	140
75	Wayne Yancey			Sr.	T	190
76	Malcom Purvis	*		Jr.	T	181
77	Bob Grimes			So.	T	160
	All-District	*				

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Bill Henry

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: C. B. Barbee

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1954

No.	Name		Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
25	Buddy Dial (Captain)	*	X	Sr.	E	170
27	Ronnie Maywald			So.	E	140
28	Bobby Parker		X	Jr.	E	140
29	Ted Northcutt		X	Jr.	E	140
31	Charles Ward			Jr.	B	130
32	Bobby Seals (Captain)	*	X	So.	B	155
33	Wayne Seals	*	X	So.	B	135
34	Loyd Free			Fr.	C	110
35	Robert Livingston			Jr.	B	140
36	Gerald Applewhite	*	X	Jr.	B	140
37	James Skinner			Fr.	B	125
38	Lewis Nesby			Jr.	B	100
39	Johnny Olbrych	*	X	Sr.	B	155
40	James Baker			Jr.	G	100
41	Ronald Carter			Jr.	C	110
42	Phillip Hodge	*	X	Sr.	C	150
55	Eddie Hollis			Fr.	T	120
70	Cecil Groves	*	X	So.	T	180
71	Leon O'Neal			So.	G	130
72	Leslie Carter	*	X	Jr.	G	140
73	Bernard Selenski	*	X	Sr.	G	145
74	Dick Covington			Jr.	G	145
75	Gerald Dupree			Jr.	G	120
76	Bob Grimes		X	Jr.	T	150
77	Bobby Goodson	*	X	Jr.	T	170

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Bill Henry

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: C. B. Barbee

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1955

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
23	Ted Northcutt	X	Sr.	G	140
25	Charles Ward	X	Sr.	E	145
27	Eddie Hollis		So.	E	130
28	Bobby Parker	X	Sr.	E	145
29	Lawrence Selenski	X	Sr.	E	140
32	Leslie Carter	* X	Sr.	B	140
33	Wayne Seals	* X	Jr.	B	140
34	Winston McIntosh		So.	B	105
35	Gerald Dupree	X	Sr.	B	140
36	Gerald Applewhite (Captain)	* X	Sr.	B	145
37	James Skinner	X	So.	B	135
38	Leroy Moore		So.	B	105
39	Jimmy Graves		So.	B	110
40	James Baker		Sr.	G	110
42	Max Graham	X	Fr.	C	140
53	Thomas Hrobar		So.	E	120
55	Ronald Carter	X	Sr.	G	130
56	Lewis Nesby		Sr.	B	110
70	Cecil Groves	* X	Sr.	T	190
72	Eugene T. Nunn	X	Fr.	T	170
73	Robert Livingston	X	Sr.	G	140
75	Tony Johns		Sr.	T	145
76	Bob Grimes	X	Sr.	T	160
77	Bobby Goodson (Captain)	* X	Sr.	C	170

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Bill Henry

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: C. B. Barbee

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1956

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
25	Thomas Hrobar		Jr.	E	140
27	Eddie Hollis	X	Jr.	T	150
28	Stuart Coyle	X	Fr.	E	130
31	Earl Johnson	X	Fr.	B	150
32	Bates Hobbs		Sr.	B	145
33	Wayne Seals (Captain)	* X	Sr.	B	140
34	Winston McIntosh	X	Jr.	B	120
35	Kenneth Carrico		Fr.	B	105
36	Charles Walding	X	Fr.	B	140
37	James Skinner	* X	Jr.	E	140
38	Adrian Selensky		Fr.	B	105
39	Jimmy Graves	X	Jr.	E	120
40	Harrol Baker	X	Jr.	G	140
41	John Ward		Fr.	C	110
42	Max Graham	* X	So.	C	160
53	Dwain Hobbs	* X	So.	C	135
55	Ronald Carter	X	Sr.	G	145
56	Leroy Moore		Jr.	G	140
70	Cecil Groves (Captain)	* X	Sr.	B	205
71	Jimmy Goodson		Fr.	T	170
72	Eugene Nunn	X	So.	T	175
73	James Hooten		So.	G	125
74	Lyndon Applewhite		Fr.	T	110
75	Lawrence Selensky	* X	So.	G	155
76	Dwight Dare		Fr.	T	160
All-District		*			

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Jimmy Murphy, James Sheffield

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: C. B. Barbee

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1957

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
25	Stuart Coyle		So.	E	140
25	Billy Ewing		So.	E	135
27	Jimmy Graves	* X	Sr.	E	135
28	Charles Stowe		Sr.	E	160
29	Donald Matheson	X	So.	E	145
31	Earl Johnson	X	So.	B	155
33	Marvin Dorris, Jr.		Fr.	B	125
34	Winston McIntosh	* X	Sr.	B	140
35	Kenneth Carrico	X	So.	B	145
36	Charles Walding	X	So.	B	150
37	James Skinner	* X	Sr.	B	145
38	Adrian Selensky		So.	B	115
39	Lyndon Applewhite		So.	B	120
41	John Ward		So.	C	135
42	Max Graham	* X	Jr.	C	165
53	James Hooten		Jr.	E	140
56	Leroy Moore	X	Sr.	G	145
70	Jeff Johnson		Fr.	T	150
71	Harrol Baker	* X	Sr.	G	140
72	Eugene Nunn	* X	Jr.	T	175
73	Kenneth Smith		Fr.	G	160
74	Thomas Hrobar	X	Sr.	T	155
75	Lawrence Selensky	* X	Jr.	G	160
76	Eddie Hollis	X	Sr.	T	155
77	Donald Matthews		So.	G	200

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Jimmy Murphy

Superintendent: Jack McIntosh

Principal: C. B. Barbee

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1958

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
25	Lyndon Applewhite		Jr.	B	140
27	W. J. Wynn		Fr.	B	140
28	John Possoit		Fr.	B	105
29	Jerry Healon		So.	B	120
31	Earl Johnson	*	Jr.	B	170
32	Dennis Maywald		Fr.	B	150
33	Marvin Dorris		So.	B	135
34	Ray Johnson		Fr.	G	135
35	Kenneth Carrico		Jr.	B	120
36	Charles Walding		Jr.	B	160
39	Adrian Selensky		Jr.	B	135
40	Max Graham	*	Sr.	E	175
41	John Ward	*	Jr.	T	155
42	Robert Reames		Jr.	E	120
51	Sammie Massey		Fr.	G	150
53	James Hooten		Sr.	E	150
55	Jack Carraway		Fr.	C	160
56	Carl Rogerson		Fr.	G	135
70	Jeff Johnson		So.	G	170
71	Leon Free		Jr.	G	145
72	Eugene Nunn	*	Sr.	C	200
73	Kenneth Smith		So.	T	170
74	David Free		Fr.	G	150
75	Donald Matheson	*	Jr.	G	155
77	Danny Yelverton	*	So.	T	160
78	Dwain Hobbs	*	Sr.	E	155

All-District *

Coaches: Gene Rogers, "Bo" Jackson, Gayle McGinty

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: Charles W. Hawkins

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1959

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
25	Lyndon Applewhite		Sr.	B	150
27	W. J. Wynn		So.	B	155
28	John Possoit		So.	B	125
29	Jerry Yelverton		Fr.	B	115
31	Earl Johnson (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	175
32	Ellis Ford		So.	B	125
33	Marvin Dorris	*	Jr.	B	150
34	Cecil Johnson		So.	B	110
35	Terry Hinton		So.	B	130
36	Charles Walding (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	160
39	Adrian Selensky		Sr.	B	145
40	Danny Yelverton	*	Jr.	B	165
41	John Ward	*	Sr.	E	160
42	Eddie Dean		Fr.	B	140
45	Tommie Clapp		Fr.	B	110
53	David Free		So.	C	168
55	Jack Carraway		So.	C	170
56	Bill Wall		Fr.	C	125
60	Richard Kester		So.	G	150
62	Sammie Massey		So.	G	140
64	Sammie Healon		Fr.	G	110
66	Richard Mock		Fr.	G	105
70	Jeff Johnson	*	Jr.	G	165
71	Leon Free	*	Sr.	G	150
72	Ray Johnson		So.	T	155
73	Kenneth Smith	*	Jr.	T	190
74	Leslie Swiney		Jr.	G	140
75	Donald Matheson		Sr.	E	155
76	Ronnie Warren		Fr.	E	155
77	David Covington		So.	E	140
78	Jerry Healon		Jr.	E	135
80	Larry Jacobs		So.	E	130
82	James Gayle		So.	E	135

All-District *

Coaches: Gene Rogers, "Bo" Jackson, Gayle McGinty

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1960

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
27	W. J. Wynn	*	Jr.	QB	175
28	Tommy Clapp		So.	QB	125
29	Jerry Yelverton		So.	QB	130
32	Ellis Ford		Jr.	HB	140
33	Marvin Dorris (Captain)	*	Sr.	HB	155
34	Raymond Duroy		Fr.	HB	130
35	Terry Hinton		Jr.	HB	140
39	Douglas Moore		So.	HB	115
40	Danny Yelverton (Captain)		Sr.	FB	175
41	Jerry Matheson		Fr.	HB	120
42	Eddie Dean		So.	HB	155
45	Ronnie Warren		So.	FB	165
53	David Free	*	Jr.	G	155
55	Jack Carraway	*	Jr.	G	175
56	Tommy Wilkerson		Fr.	C	160
60	Richard Kester		Jr.	T	155
62	Sammy Massey		Jr.	G	157
64	Buddy Nunn		Sr.	G	145
66	Richard Mock		So.	G	130
70	Jeff Johnson	*	Sr.	T	160
71	Bobby Jolly		Sr.	T	180
72	Ray Johnson		Jr.	T	162
73	Kenneth Smith	*	Sr.	T	185
74	Leslie Swiney		Sr.	T	145
75	Jimmy West		Fr.	G	115
78	Jerry Healon		Sr.	E	150
80	Larry Jacobs	*	Sr.	E	140
82	James Gayle		Jr.	E	150
84	Carl Rogerson		Jr.	E	158
85	William Wagner		Jr.	E	120
86	Joe Goodson		Fr.	E	130
88	David Covington		Jr.	E	145

All-District *

Coaches: Gene Rogers, "Bo" Jackson, Gayle McGinty

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1961

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
27	W. J. Wynn		Sr.	B	180
28	Tommy Clapp		Jr.	B	131
29	Jerry Yelverton	*	Jr.	B	131
32	Ellis Ford		Sr.	B	132
33	Paul Crews		Fr.	B	117
34	Raymond Duroy		So.	B	146
35	Terry Hinton		Sr.	B	145
39	James Simmons		Fr.	B	119
40	John Poissett		Sr.	B	156
41	Jerry Matheson		So.	B	121
42	Eddie Dean		Jr.	B	161
45	Ronnie Warren	*	Jr.	C	170
53	David Free		Sr.	G	162
55	Jack Carraway		Sr.	T	168
56	Tommy Wilkerson		So.	C	168
60	Richard Kester		Sr.	T	156
62	Melvin Brown		So.	G	149
64	Gary Green		Jr.	G	149
66	Richard Mock		Jr.	G	141
70	Wayne Smith		Fr.	G	121
71	Douglas Townsend		Fr.	G	102
72	Ray Johnson		Sr.	T	145
73	Raymond Strahan		Sr.	T	221
74	Billy Moore		Sr.	T	160
75	Jimmy West		So.	G	110
76	Bobby Jacobs		Fr.	E	105
78	Gary Heinzke		Sr.	E	125
80	Larry Jacobs		Sr.	E	144
82	James Gayle		Sr.	E	145
84	John Ford	*	Fr.	B	100
85	William Wagner		Sr.	E	127
86	Joe Goodson		Sr.	E	143
88	David Covington		Sr.	E	150
	Paul Cobb		Sr.	B	150

All-District *

Coaches: Dean Shaver, "Bo" Jackson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1962

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
11	Jimmy Fleming		Fr.	B	115
22	John Ford		So.	B	130
28	Tommy Clapp	X	Sr.	E	145
29	Jerry Yelverton (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	145
32	Tommy Duroy		Fr.	B	125
33	Paul Crews	X	So.	B	135
34	Raymond Duroy	X	Jr.	B	160
35	James Morgan		Fr.	B	115
39	James Simmons	X	So.	B	140
40	Steve Dorris		Fr.	B	125
42	Eddie Dean	*	Sr.	B	175
45	Ronnie Warren	*	Sr.	T	185
53	Phil Bankston		Fr.	C	125
55	Doug Townsend		So.	C	135
56	Tommy Wilkerson	*	Jr.	C	170
60	Jimmy Prine	X	Sr.	T	165
62	Melvin Brown		Jr.	G	165
64	Gary Green	*	Sr.	G	175
66	Richard Mock (Captain)	*	Sr.	G	150
70	Wayne Smith	X	So.	G	150
71	Michael Slatten		Fr.	T	135
74	Bobby Stalcup		Fr.	T	115
75	Don Townsend		Fr.	T	120
76	James Searce		So.	T	150
78	Danny Stephenson		Fr.	T	150
80	Bobby Jacobs	X	So.	E	130
82	Ken Powers		Fr.	E	125
84	Joe Smith		Fr.	E	115
88	John Nichols	X	Sr.	E	140

All-District *

Coaches: Dean Shaver, "Bo" Jackson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1963

No.	Name		Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
11	Jimmy Fleming (Captain)		X	So.	B	135
22	John Ford (Captain)	*	X	Jr.	B	140
28	Ted Dean			Fr.	B	110
32	Tommy Glass			Fr.	B	115
33	Paul Crews		X	Jr.	E	145
34	Donny Glass			Fr.	B	115
39	James Simmons		X	Jr.	B	165
40	Larry Hight			Fr.	B	120
42	James Deaton			Jr.	E	175
44	Ronnie Karm			Fr.	B	115
45	Steve Dorris		X	So.	B	140
53	Danny Stephenson		X	So.	C	165
55	Bobby Stalcup			So.	C	130
56	Tommy Wilkerson		X	Sr.	T	180
60	James Searce		X	Sr.	G	160
62	Joe Selensky	*	X	So.	G	145
64	John Tyer			Sr.	G	190
65	Phil Bankston			So.	G	140
66	Wayne Smith	*	X	Jr.	B	160
70	Melvin Brown		X	Sr.	G	170
71	Michael Slatten			So.	T	150
74	Doug Townsend			Jr.	T	150
75	Don Townsend		X	So.	T	145
78	Ronnie Westmoreland		X	Fr.	T	160
80	Bobby Jacobs (Captain)		X	Jr.	B	140
82	Ken Powers		X	So.	E	150
84	Joe Smith		X	So.	E	135
86	Larry Lyon		X	Fr.	E	160

All-District *

Coaches: Roland Jones, "Bo" Jackson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1964

No.	Name		Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
11	Jimmy Fleming (Captain)	*	X	Jr.	B	145
22	John Ford (Captain)	*	X	Sr.	B	135
28	Robbie George			Fr.	B	130
29	Gary Powers		X	Jr.	B	150
32	Jesse Fussell			Sr.	B	140
33	Paul Crews		X	Sr.	B	145
39	Danny Stephenson		X	Jr.	B	170
40	Johnny Pina			Jr.	B	140
45	Steve Dorris		X	Jr.	B	140
53	Kenneth Powers	*	X	Jr.	C	160
55	Bobby Stalcup		X	Jr.	C	140
60	Ronnie Karm			Sr.	G	140
62	Joe Selensky	*	X	Jr.	G	150
64	Phil Bankston		X	Jr.	G	150
66	Wayne Smith (2nd All State)		X	Sr.	T	155
70	Douglas Townsend		X	Sr.	T	155
71	Mike Slatten		X	Jr.	T	155
74	Randy Evans			Sr.	T	160
75	Don Townsend		X	Jr.	T	165
78	James Simmons	*	X	Sr.	T	165
80	Bobby Jacobs (Captain)	*	X	Sr.	E	145
84	Joe Smith		X	Jr.	E	145
86	Larry Lyon		X	So.	E	170
88	Charles Whittaker		X	Jr.	E	125

All-District *

Coaches: Roland Jones, "Bo" Jackson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1965

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
11	Jimmy Fleming**	*	Sr.	B	155
22	Mike Langhammer		Fr.	B	145
26	Johnny Sexton		So.	B	141
28	Robbie George		So.	B	140
29	Gary Powers		So.	B	162
32	Tommy Glass		Jr.	B	135
33	Ted Dean		Jr.	B	135
34	Donny Glass		Jr.	B	135
35	David Townsend		Fr.	B	135
39	Danny Stephenson		Sr.	B	180
40	Johnny Pina		Sr.	B	140
41	J. B. Ross		Sr.	B	145
42	Phil Bankston		Sr.	B	170
44	John Carrington		Jr.	B	150
45	Steve Dorris	*	Sr.	B	145
46	James Morgan		Sr.	B	130
53	Ken Powers** (2nd All State)		Sr.	G	181
55	Bobby Stalcup		Sr.	C	155
56	James Richardson		Sr.	C	180
60	Robert Bundage		Sr.	B	150
62	Joe Selensky		Sr.	G	160
66	Jesse Fussell		Sr.	G	150
70	Ken Searce		So.	T	145
71	Mike Slatten		Sr.	G	165
74	Robert Coleman		Sr.	T	185
75	Don Townsend		Sr.	T	175
76	Johnny Butler		Sr.	T	222
78	Ronnie Westmoreland		Sr.	T	185
80	Billie Bundage		Sr.	E	150
82	J. E. Carraway		Jr.	E	110
84	Joe Smith		Sr.	E	160
85	Henry Smith		Jr.	E	110
86	Larry Lyon		Jr.	E	180
87	John Chandler		Sr.	E	165
88	Mike Lorino		Sr.	E	155
89	Howard Pool		Sr.	E	170

All-District *

All-State **

Coaches: Roland Jones, "Bo" Jackson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1966

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Carl Crews		So.	B	118
11	Ted Dean	X	Sr.	B	150
22	Johnny Sexton	* X	Jr.	B	155
28	Robbie George	X	Jr.	B	150
29	Gary Powers	* X	Jr.	B	175
30	Billie Fulton		Sr.	B	130
32	Gary Dorris (Captain)		Jr.	B	140
33	Richard Simmons		So.	B	140
34	Sammy Scott		Sr.	E	150
35	David Townsend	X	So.	B	145
39	Mike Searce		Sr.	E	135
40	Jesse Harris		Sr.	B	140
41	Henry Smith		Sr.	B	120
42	Charles Richardson		Sr.	E	120
44	Mike Langhammer	X	So.	B	150
45	J. E. Carraway		Sr.	E	130
53	Howard Pool	X	Sr.	C	160
55	Lance Coleman	X	Jr.	C	160
56	John Bachemin	X	Sr.	C	145
60	Nathaniel Richardson		Sr.	G	165
62	James Dunn		Sr.	T	140
64	John Carrington	X	Sr.	T	150
66	Johnny Pina	* X	Sr.	G	154
70	Sammy Carrington	*	So.	T	160
71	Paul Green		Sr.	T	160
72	Phil Bundage		Sr.	B	130
74	Eddie Dent	X	Jr.	T	200
75	Morris Fridie		So.	T	150
76	James Richardson	* X	Jr.	G	185
78	Ronnie Westmoreland (Captain)	* X	Sr.	T	190
80	Mike Lorino	X	Jr.	E	155
82	Tommy Glass	* X	Sr.	E	145
84	Donny Glass	* X	Sr.	E	145
86	Larry Lyon	* X	Sr.	E	185
88	Kenneth Searce		So.	E	150

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Herbert "Red" Mitchell, Rex Wilson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1967

No.	Name		Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Roger Matheson		X	Fr.	B	145
22	Johnny Sexton (Captain)		X	Sr.	B	170
26	John Shivers		X	Fr.	B	160
28	Robby George		X	Sr.	B	150
29	Gary Powers (Captain)	*	X	Sr.	B	180
32	Sammie Carrington		X	Jr.	B	170
33	Carl Crews		X	Jr.	B	130
44	Mike Langhammer		X	Jr.	B	150
45	Gary Dorris		X	So.	B	150
55	Paul Noack		X	Fr.	C	180
56	Richard Simmons	*	X	Jr.	C	160
64	Nathaniel Richardson		X	Jr.	G	165
65	Mitch Powers		X	Fr.	G	162
71	Kenneth Searce		X	Jr.	G	170
74	Bill Goodson		X	Fr.	T	185
76	James Richardson	*	X	Sr.	T	185
78	David Spurlock		X	Jr.	T	185
80	David Townsend		X	Jr.	E	145
86	Raymond Henderson	*	X	Jr.	E	150
89	Morris Fridie	*	X	Jr.	E	155

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Herbert "Red" Mitchell, Rex Wilson

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1968

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Roger Matheson	X	So.	B	155
11	Jessie Harris		Jr.	B	155
22	Paul Kohler		Sr.	B	160
24	Sammy Ross		Sr.	B	145
26	John Shivers	* X	So.	B	165
33	Carl Crews		Sr.	B	145
41	Sammie Carrington (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	175
44	Mitch Powers		So.	B	175
55	John Bachemin		Jr.	C	160
56	Richard Simmons (Captain)		Sr.	C	165
60	Warren Carroll		Sr.	G	170
62	Jimmy Hight		Fr.	G	175
64	Nathaniel Richardson	*	Sr.	T	185
65	James Holmes	X	So.	T	205
66	Mike Langhammer		Sr.	G	155
67	Steve Vice		So.	G	205
68	Danny Hight	*	Sr.	G	185
70	Bruce Dalton		Jr.	T	180
71	James Dunn		Jr.	T	205
74	Billy Stalcup	X	Fr.	T	205
75	Paul Noack		So.	T	205
76	Charles Richardson		Jr.	G	160
78	David Spurlock		Sr.	T	215
80	David Townsend (Captain)		Sr.	E	150
82	Charles Dupree		Sr.	E	150
84	David Whitaker	X	So.	E	155
86	Charles Fridie		Sr.	E	170
89	Morris Fridie	*	Sr.	E	180

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Herbert "Red" Mitchell, Leon Combs

Superintendent: Charles J. Tergerson

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1969

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Roger Matheson (Captain)	X	Jr.	B	163
11	Paul Fleming	X	So.	B	120
22	Paul Kohler (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	175
26	John Shivers	*	Jr.	B	175
33	Robert Dennis		Jr.	B	130
40	Ricky Hale		Jr.	B	150
41	Gary Dorris		Sr.	B	178
55	John Bachemin		Sr.	C	165
56	Kenney Rickett	X	So.	C	170
62	Mike Swiney	X	Jr.	G	150
64	Phillip Cook	X	So.	T	210
65	James Holmes	X	Jr.	T	220
67	Steve Vice	*	Jr.	G	225
68	Donnie Westmoreland		Sr.	G	250
70	Bruce Dalton		Sr.	T	175
71	James Dunn		Sr.	T	210
74	Billy Stalcup	X	So.	T	220
75	Paul Noack	*	Jr.	T	215
All-District		*			

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Leon Combs, Sam Coussons, Wayne Hanks

Superintendent: Kenneth R. Pye

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1970

No.	Name	Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Robert Whitaker	X	So.	B	145
11	Paul Fleming	*	Jr.	B	140
22	Mike Massey	X	Sr.	B	140
24	David Rinewalt	X	Jr.	B	140
26	John Shiver (Captain)**	*	Sr.	B	178
28	Roger Matheson (Captain)	*	Sr.	B	170
33	Billy Cloyd	X	Jr.	B	140
40	John Parsley	X	Jr.	B	145
41	Robert Dennis	X	Sr.	B	145
44	Mitch Powers	*	Sr.	B	190
45	Ricky Hale		Sr.	B	150
55	Ricky Carswell	X	So.	C	165
56	Kenny Rickett	X	Jr.	C	190
62	Mike Swiney	*	Sr.	G	150
64	Phil Cook	*	Jr.	T	225
65	James Holmes	*	Sr.	T	230
67	Jimmy Hight		Jr.	G	200
74	Billy Stalcup**	X	Jr.	G	225
75	Paul Noack (Captain)**	*	Sr.	T	210
76	Keith Sunday	X	So.	T	220
80	Gary Carswell	X	Sr.	E	180
82	Larry Carswell	X	Sr.	E	165
84	David Whitaker	*	Sr.	E	170
86	David Hansen	X	Sr.	E	150
89	Nicky Kelly	X	Jr.	E	150
All-District		*			
All-State		**			

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Leon Combs, Don E. Granger, Bill Westmoreland

Superintendent: Kenneth R. Pye

Principal: James L. Lyon

MAGNOLIA FOOTBALL ROSTER

1971

No.	Name		Letterman	Year	Position	Weight
10	Paul Fleming (Captain)	*	X	Sr.	E	140
11	Robert Whitaker		X	Jr.	B	155
22	Sid Dean		X	Jr.	B	150
24	David Rinewalt		X	Sr.	B	140
25	Wade Scott			Jr.	B	140
26	Eddie Skiles		X	Sr.	B	142
28	Donny Sorrells		X	Sr.	B	141
32	George Crawford		X	Jr.	B	143
33	Billy Cloyd (Captain)		X	Sr.	B	140
40	John Parsley		X	Sr.	B	160
44	Garland Smith		X	Jr.	B	165
55	Ricky Carswell		X	Jr.	C	200
56	Kenny Rickett (Captain)	*	X	Sr.	G	190
60	Douglas Chilek		X	Sr.	G	150
62	Cliff Mock		X	Jr.	G	165
64	Phil Cook	*	X	Sr.	T	230
66	Jim Corbin		X	Jr.	T	190
70	Frank Fridie		X	Jr.	T	185
74	Billy Stalcup		X	Sr.	G	225
75	Mike McCracken		X	Jr.	T	230
76	Peter Holmes		X	Jr.	T	240
78	Mike Box			Sr.	T	235
80	Jimmy Butler		X	Jr.	E	165
84	Scotty Damuth		X	Sr.	E	170

All-District *

Coaches: H. H. Swann, Leon Combs, Don E. Granger, Sam Atwood

Superintendent: Kenneth R. Pye

Principal: James L. Lyon

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